PALMER MOTOR CYCLE
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WELLINGTON CYCLISTS,
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The Bombay Chronicle

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Palmer Cycle Covers Rs. at 7/0
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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1918.

VOL. IV NO. 203 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons
27th Aug.	Salsette ..	6000	Kaisari-Hind	11500
3rd Sept.	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
10th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan ..	10000
17th ,,	Khyber ..	9000	....	..
24th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Kashgar ..	9000
1st Oct.	Nagoya ..	7000	....	..
8th ,,	Karmala ..	9000	....	..
15th ,,	Rhiva ..	9000	....	..
22nd ,,	Arabia ..	8000	....	..
29th ,,	Nellore ..	7000	....	..
5th Novr.	Salsette ..	6000	Morea ..	11000
12th ,,	Kashmir ..	9000	....	..
19th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Medina ..	12500
26th ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	....	..
3rd Decr.	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ..	10000
10th ,,	Khyber ..	9000	....	..
17th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa ..	11000
24th ,,	Nagpur ..	7000	....	..
31st ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
29th Aug	Sardinia ..	7000	Arabia* ..	8000
7th Sept.	Novara ..	7000	Morea ..	11000
21st ,,	Nore ..	7000	Medina ..	12500
20th Oct	Malta ..	7000	Malwa ..	11000
10th Nov	Novara ..	7000	Mooltan ..	10000

The steamer marked * is a through sailing from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 30th instant.

For accommodation and further information, apply to THE SUPERINTENDENT, P. and O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination
26th Aug	Chakla	P. Gulf extra.
*20th ,,	Lhasa	Karachi direct.
3rd Sept.	A. Apcar	E and S Africa

*Or later on arrival of English Mail.

S. S. Linga will sail on 8th August for Karachi direct.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co., Agents, Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF S. N. CO. LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation, Deck passengers also carried.

Present sailings are as follows:—

FOR JEDDAH.

S. S Sardar, 1,995 tons, on or about 1st September.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. Shushtar, 2,664 tons, on or about 5th September.

For further particulars apply to
HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & CO.,
Agents,
121, Esplanade Road.

THE INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE.

ESTABLISHED 1906

Students coached for L. C. C. and Government Auditor's Examinations in Classes held morning and evening or by correspondence system for L. C. C. only. Terms moderate. Principals: A. J. MUKATI, F.L.A.A., Certified Accountant, and A. S. MADON, B.A., A.S.A.A., Incorporated Accountant, Kanta Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

SINCE my business is ADVERTISING, I am taking my own medicine by advertising myself.

I do not intend to boast about myself, but I do want to tell you what I think I can do.

There are many clever men in the field. I know I have the keenest competition to meet but that will not prevent me from getting my share of the business.

I feel so sure of being able to help some business men to do a greater business by adopting the style of advertising I believe in, that I will be willing to take a modest fee, as I am certain you would not like, in fairness to me, that I should render this service absolutely free of charge.

R. V. KAIKINI.
3, Medows, Street, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL LINES.

JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS, 1916

HOMEWARD.

Steamers	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about.	Leave Karachi about.
*City of Birmingham	A & C	7498		23rd Sept

* Not calling at Marseilles

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.
City of Athens	A&C	5594	12th Sept.
*City of Paris	A&C	0000	2nd Oct.
City of York	A&C	7834	10th Oct
City of Cairo	A&C	7700	10th Nov.

*Calling at Marseilles.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs	Rs	Rs.
Marseilles ..	555.	883	420	630
London via Marseilles ..	630	1,033	480	790
Liverpool ..	600	90	452	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	..	942	..	715

Special rates by B Class steamers on application.

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided, it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay:—Messrs. E Bate & Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD LINE OF STEAMERS.

FORTNIGHTLY TO PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
"S.S. Anyo Maru"	2169	30th Aug. 1916	16th Sept. 1916
S.S. Bandai Maru	3227	To follow	....

For further particulars apply to:—
MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 20,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung	Hsein Calcutta	Eyojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalny)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Pengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Los Angles		
Liaoyang		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Moyori Maru	M. Taniguchi	3273	13th Aug.	27th Aug.
Yamagata Maru	K. Kudo	3791	19th Aug.	25th Aug
Bombay Maru	S. Shinohara	4625	17th Aug.	24th Aug.
Rangoon Maru	T. Hori	5348	14th Sep.	26th Sept.

For Freight apply to—

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN,
Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 278,609.
Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN,
via Singapore

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Java Maru ..	4499	S. Yanagi	14th Aug	27th Aug.
Indo Maru ..	5311	K. Tashiro	24th Aug.	2nd Sept.
Shinkoku Maru	5836	Y. Kuchiki	14th Sept.	25th Sept.

For Freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cocnin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE are granted on the Head Office and Branches, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

F. CORNAGLIA'S

THE FIRM FOR CHOCOLATES.

Just unpacked a large consignment of Cadbury's and Caley's Fancy Boxes,

Price from As. 10 to Rs. 30 each.

FELICE CORNAGLIA
CONFECTIONER
BOMBAY & POONA.
Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42

BANKING

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

E. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.

Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Company's Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if the occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary & Treasurer.

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.

GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RY. AUCTIONEERS.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Tele. No. 696.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS, COLOUR MERCHANTS, DYERS, BLEACHERS AND MILL STORE SUPPLIERS.

AUCTION SALE of Aniline Dyes, Sulphur Colours and Chemicals.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, at Medows Street, Fort, by order of a Mill as also an office concerned the following Dyes, Colours and Chemicals:—

COLOURS AND DYES.

4 casks each 5 cwt. Sulphur Black Paste.
9 casks each 1 cwt. Sulphur Yellow.
7 casks each ½ cwt. Sulphur Yellow.
11 kegs each 1 cwt. Sulphur Yellow.
9 casks each 1 cwt. Sulphur Brown.
13 casks each 1 cwt. Sulphur Dark Brown.
5 casks each 1 cwt. Sulphur Green.
8 casks each 1 cwt. Sulphur Blue.
9 barrels each about 4 cwt. Alizarine Red Paste of 20 p.c.
Besides ½ cwt. kegs and casks of Sulphur Colours such as Green, Brown, Dark Brown, Yellow and Blue.

CHEMICALS.

15 casks each 5 to 6 cwt. Magnetium Chloride.
11 casks each 5 to 6 cwt. Calcium Chloride.
30 bags, each 2 cwt. Farina.
18 casks each 4 cwt. Sulphate of Alumina Powder.

Also by order of the Krishna Mills Ltd:—
1 case fast tourmaline brilliant scarlet 4 G, fast tourmaline scarlet 2 G, fast tourmaline red 6 B, heliochromine scarlet Y. S., sizing brown T.B.B., extra concentrated by Leopold, Sodium Nitrate by Berlin Aniline Co.
By order of the concerned.
4 drums each 110 lbs. (50 kilos) Hydro Sulphite powder.
7 kegs each 1 cwt Antimony salt 65 per cent.
By order of an Import Office.
1 cask 503 lbs Alizarine Red Paste 20 per cent. by the William Drug Co.
Samples can be had on application.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE ON SUNDAY THE 27TH AUGUST AT 2.30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF VERY RICH SELECTED INDIAN OPEN HAND-WORKED CARVED FURNITURE, TABLES, VERY RICH AND HIGHLY POLISHED TEAK AND BLACKWOOD HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC., ETC.

On SUNDAY, the 27th instant at, 2.30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at the first floor of the Alexandra Terraces Byculla, the specially ordered selected rich Indian open handworked carved furniture such as carved chiffoniers, pair of old carved pier tables, rich carved centre tables, specially selected very rich and highly polished teak and blackwood household furniture such as dining tables, dining chairs, mirrored sideboards, dinner waggons, drawing room and reading room complete suites of sofas and chairs lined rich tapestry, rich writing tables, office chairs, revolving book cases, mirrored hatstands, low and easy chairs, rich carpets, rich handpainted porcelain China jars and wall plates, selected solid double and single almirahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, dressing and washing tables, music canterburies, teapoys, iron double and single beds, rich glass porcelain and plated-ware etc. etc. the property of Dr. A. Baldwin D'Souza including that of other gentlemen.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

MEHTA, & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th Aug. 1916.

MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD WOOD, EMPTY IRON DRUMS, WOODEN CASES, CASKS AND SCRAP, IRON, ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 28th August, 1916, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the B. I. S. N. Coy.'s Dockyard, Mazagon:—

A quantity of old wood, empty iron drums, wooden cases, casks and scrap iron, etc.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th August, 1916.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 26th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S.T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham.
1 Bay Arab, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE MULLS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on MONDAY, the 28th instant sell by Public Auction at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at their Rooms at No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Brusilal Abirchand and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Gopaldas Chinulal:—

22 bales of white mulls No. 158.
22 bales of white mulls No. 168.
23 bales of white mulls No. 170.
22 bales of white mulls No. 198.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

THE EMPRESS MILL, THE CONNAUGHT MILL, THE IMPERIAL MILL, THE JAMES GREAVES MILL.

(In Voluntary Liquidation.).

AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE LOT NEW AND SECOND HAND OF SPARE MACHINERY AND STORES.

Important to Engineers, Mill Owners, Shipchandlers and Mill Store Suppliers.

Under instructions from Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart., and W. Turner Green Esq., Liquidators of the Empress, Connaught, James Greaves and Imperial Mills in liquidation, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned Mills, at De Lisle Road, Chinchpoogly, on TUESDAY, the 29th instant, and the following days at 2 p.m. each day:—

All the spare parts of machinery and stores such as canvas hose, fire server hydrants, instantaneous couplings, engine packings, lap rollers, top beater regulator, quadrants, leather roller wheels, adjusting nuts, long collars, long and short battons bobins, wheels for rowing spindle wheels, C.I. weight hooks, roller spindles, tarn wheels, fan spider, slubbing presses, brass bushes, brass button stips, comb blades, quadrants, agate stones, asbestoes fibres, buffer springs, files, iron chains, iron hooks gauge glasses, glass lubricatos, wire, nails cylinder oils, chocolate paint blue powder, varnish, roller leather, electric wire coloured yarn etc., etc., too many to describe and also one lot office furniture such as, glass door cupboard, writing tables, chairs copying press, benches, stools, etc.

The above will be sold in convenient lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 25th August, 1916.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52, Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY FRIDAY, THE 25th AUG., 1916, AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.)

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO USERS.

Auction sale of English leather travelling trunks, handbags, suite cases of different sizes, boots, shoes, one lot of Hosiery including English neckties, socks, handkerchiefs, mufflers, etc., and one complete brand new set of Eccyclopoedia Britannica in 29 volumes, one set Century Dictionary Cyclopoedia and Atlas in 10 volumes.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 25th August, 1916, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, where the goods have been removed for sale all stock of a shop of English bags, boots, shoes, and hosiery, etc., etc., for closing the partnership account, including.

1 complete new Encyclopoedia Britannica in 29 volumes, 11th Edition.

1 Century Dictionary Cyclopoedia and Atlas complete in 10 volumes by William Dwight Whitney P. H. D, LL.D., and Benjamin E. Smith A. M. L. H. D.

10 Dozen brand new felt hats of different sizes.

100 pairs English boots, tie shoes, and clip shoes.

1 big travelling trunk, English leather and canvass suite cases hand bags, etc., and one lot of Hosiery including English neckties, cocks, woollen sweaters, towels, mufflers, handkerchieves, shirts and woollen door curtains, etc., etc., in convenient lots.

The above goods are on view. Cash will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th Aug. 1916.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

10, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

BONA FIDE SALE.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO HARDWARE AND MACHINERY MERCHANTS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE STOCK-IN-TRADE WITH ALL THE MACHINERY, ETC., OF MESSRS. ROGER & ROCK'S PAINT WORKS AT BANDRA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Roger and Rock, the well-known paint manufacturers, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on SUNDAY, the 10th day of September, 1916, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), at New Cantwadi shore, near Chimbai Church Bandra, all the stock-in-trade consisting of:—

Vertical boilers, horizontal engine, colour grinding machines handvices, pressing machine, beam scale with weights, platform scale, iron rollers, disintegrators, chimney C. I. water tank and pipes colour boiling pans, tubes, pulleys, shaftings, tins of colours, cases of strawboards, handcarts, corrugated shed, etc. etc.

In one lot or in separate lots to suit buyers.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

N.B.—Private offers will be taken by the Auctioneers before the day of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th August, 1916.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES.

may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS.

HEALTH RESORT—DEOLALI CORONATION HOTEL. Best European Comforts.

Terms Moderate. 4529

WANTED

WANTED.—First class TURNER for Mathematical Instrument work. Apply to LAWRENCE & MAYO, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 5027

WANTED.—COMPETENT CHAFFEUR MECHANIC, must be first class driver. Good salary. Apply the SIZING MATERIALS CO. LTD., Ismail Building, Hornby Road. 5022

WANTED.—A loan from Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 20,000 reasonable interest, good securities guaranteed. Apply to Box No. 146, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5019

WANTED.—SALESMAN for Hardware, Metals and Sundries. Salary Rs. 50. None but well experienced and influenced in the local market need apply to Box No. 147 Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5020

WANTED.—By bachelor one or two unfurnished rooms. Separate entrance preferred. Fort neighbourhood. Rent must be moderate, electric fan and lights desirable. Write to Box No. 148, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5031

WANTED—Second-hand ENCYCLOPAEDIA of "Forms and Precedents." Apply to Box No. 10, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1080

WANTED.—PURCHASERS of Cinematograph Films about two lakhs feet. Subjects, features, Key-stone, dramas, and various others, both coloured and plain. All films are in excellent order, and very little used. Offers for hire considered, rates very cheap. list of subjects on application. Apply to Box No. 115 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle," with offers. 4867

WANTED—A well EDUCATED LADY who can bike, ride and join in games, as COMPANION-GOVERNESS to a Princess of 12 years age. (The educational work is entrusted to another lady). A lady having a daughter of about the same age will be particularly suitable. An Indian lady with the requisite qualifications will be preferred. Apply to Box No. 137 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4980

WANTED.—The following Teachers:—

(a) An experienced HEAD PERSIAN TEACHER, salary Rs. 20 per month. Must possess diplomas from a recognised College.

(b) A GRADUATE to teach Matric Classes in all subjects, salary Rs. 45—50. Application from an experienced Intermediate will also be considered.

The above posts are subject to the B. B. & C. I. Railway Provident Fund Rules. Apply immediately stating when at liberty and enclosing copies of testimonials to:—

The President,
A. V. Railway, High School,
Abu Road, Rajputana.
4964

WANTED—APPLICATIONS from graduates with Sanskrit as their second language, willing to accept service, in the Lamington High School, Hubli, on the following conditions:—

(1) That he should be ready to join the Secondary Training College in Bombay on 1st May, 1917, to be trained there at the expense of the Hubli Municipality.

(2) That he should bind himself to serve for 5 years in the Lamington High School, Hubli, after his training is over.

(3) Applicants if chosen would be given Rs. 50 per mensem from the 1st May, 1918, with an increment of Rs. 5 per annum.

Applications will be received till the end of September, 1916.

Applications to be addressed to the undersigned.

S. T. KAMBLI,
Chairman, School Board,
Hubli Municipality.
Hubli, 16th August, 1916. 5003

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—SIX FLAT CARDING ENGINES of Messrs. Platt Bros., in working order. Apply to AGENTS NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG. & WG. Co., Ld., 79, Meadow Street, Fort. 5025

FOR SALE—One WESTING HOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P. 460 Volts, 960/1100 R. P. M., complete with shunt regulator, and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

PROCLAMATION—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the Fourth SESSIONS of 1916 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of September, 1916, at 10.30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences, had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppressions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this 16th day of August, 1916.

VASANTRAO ANANDRAO DABHOLKAR,
Sheriff of Bombay.
5018

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received in the office of the undersigned on MONDAY, the 4th September, 1916, upto 1 o'clock p.m. (Standard Time), for the supply of Black Mumbra sand that will be required for building the proposed sea wall on the Kennedy Sea Face, Bombay. Value of work about Rs. 7,000. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the undersigned. The Superintending Engineer, Northern Division, reserves the right to reject any tender or tenders and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any tender. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours either on personal application or by duly authorized Agents. Earnest money amounting to Rs. 700 (three hundred) only, in cash or in Government Promissory Notes (cheques will not be accepted) should accompany each tender. Security deposit of Rs. 700 (seven hundred) only, in Government Promissory Notes, will be required from the contractor whose tender will be accepted.

2. Forms of tender can be had from this office on week-days during office hours, but no forms will be issued on the day the tender is to be received.

A. H. WHYTE, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 18th August, 1916. 5021

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that HAJI ALLI MAHOMED HAJI SUMAR, of Bombay Cutchi Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our client the property particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of sale, mortgage, gift, lease, lien, trust, possession, inheritance or otherwise howsoever should make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 14, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay or to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and such claim (if any) shall be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground together with messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Doongri Street in the Island and Registration Sub District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 195 4/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1296 New No. 1679 Old Survey No. 122 and New Survey No. 2694 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 1065 and Street Nos. 475-477 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Govind Krishnaji and the sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by Doongri Coory Street on or towards the North by the property of Jivrajbhai Ladha and on or towards the South by the property of Dewji Odhavji Chotani.

Dated this 25th day of August 1916.

JEHANGIR GULABBHAI & BILLIMORIA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credit of ERISHNAI, widow of BHICA KALA, of Jafrabad, in Kathiawar Hindu inhabitant .....Deceased.

DULABHDAS JUTHABHAI, of Bombay Kapole Bania Hindu inhabitant, residing at Old Hanuman Lane, without the Fort, nephew of the said Bhica Kala Deceased .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT Knight Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Nineteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one-thousand Nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALBARI.

The 19th day of July, 1916.

Messrs. PANDIA & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5024

NOTICES.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S. T.), on TUESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1916, for paving footpaths in certain roads in the City.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

4. Tenders delivered to Officers other than the Chief Accountant of the Municipality or the Commissioner will not be considered.

5. It is particularly requested that any firm tendering for the contract, should intimate, while submitting the tender, the names of the partners constituting the firm.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JAMES W. MACKISON,
B.Sc., M.Inst.C.E.,
Executive Engineer.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 24th August, 1916. 5028

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of RAHIMTULLA VISRAM, late of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, a merchant .....Deceased.

BAI FIZABAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Chuckla Street, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir STANLEY LOCKHART BATCHELOR, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this eighteenth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Acting Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
The 18th day of August, 1916.

Messrs. SHROFF DINSHAW & DHARAMSI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5030

THE PORT CANNING & LAND IMPROVEMENT CO., LTD.

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1916, at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.), when the Resolution, mentioned in the notice, dated the 18th July, 1916, posted to the shareholders, which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the company held on the 15th August, 1916, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

By Order.
PEROSHAW B. R. MODY,
Manager.

Bombay, 24th August, 1916. 5029

NOTICE FOR PERSIAN GULF SHIPPERS.

S. S. "SINGAPOREAN."

SHE will take cargo for Busreh, Mohamerah, Bushire, and Bunder Abbas and will sail on or about the 3rd September, 1916.

For further particulars apply to JETHA VALJI, Esq., "Dwarkadas Building," Ravelin Street, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

HAJI SYED MOHAMED KAZRANI,
& Sons.
Charterers.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1916. 5016

AMUSEMENTS.

MAKE A POINT OF

Seeing this week's most exciting

13th, 14th, 15th Episodes of
That Greatest of all Serial Photo-Plays

"GRAFT"

Each episode, a complete story in itself, You can follow the story very easily, no need to have seen the previous episodes,

Time:—7, 8-45, 10-30 Nightly.

USUAL HALF RATES.—Rs. 1 to As. 2.

NEW ALEXANDRA
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.
Tel. No. 1882.

AMUSEMENTS.

For a Cheery Evening Come to the

EXCELSIOR THEATRE Bombay's Premier Playhouse 6-30 Twice Nightly 9-45 P.M.

WILL HANVARR and ANNA LEE

"Some" Juggler and a Comedy Girl.

The RIM of the DESERT.

A Vivid Drama of the Wilds.

Adventures of Rufus Wallingford. This week THE MASTER TOUCH.

Pathe's Gazette with unique pictures of SIR ROGER CASEMENT.

THE MARLERTS

FROM THE ORIGINAL LONDON "GROTESQUES"

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA

CHARNI ROAD TO-NIGHT TEL. No. 1271

An Intensely Absorbing Present War Drama.

THE INVADERS

IN THREE PARTS

Being the exciting story of a young man who avenged his mother's honour upon the enemy of his country.

FULL OF HUMAN INTEREST
EMOTIONAL, DRAMATIC, PATHETIC.
SUPERBLY ACTED BY A STAR CAST.

This tragic drama deals in a forceful manner with one of the burning questions of the day brought about by the exigencies of war.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

FOR SALE 5,00,000 Feet of Films Comic, Dramatic, Coloured, Feature, etc., in big lots—for sale at very low rates. Apply Manager.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

FAVOURITE RESORT OF THE ELITE OF BOMBAY.

EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.

TWO MORE NIGHTS OF PRESENT WEEK.

The much praised Drama:

"THE LORDS OF HIGH DECISION."

A splendid five act story of how a millionaire oppressed his workpeople and how his son, fresh from College, stood up as their champion. When the father's dishonesty was discovered only the young man's upright conduct saved him from prison. This film palpitates with human emotion and dramatic incidents.

A first rate comedy:

"WHEN THE SPIRITS MOVED,"

The strange and terrifying adventures of a shop assistant in the home of his fiancee, whose father was a spiritualist.

THE LATEST

PATHE GAZETTE.

ATTRACTIVE MUSIC BY THE EUROPEAN ORCHESTRA.

Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats, Rs. 2.

ANOTHER SPLENDID PROGRAMME ON SUNDAY.

FLOORING TILES, MARBLE MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS.

GAZDAR & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

HENRY RICHARDS TILE CO.,

28, CHUHCH-GATE, ST., FORT.

BOMBAY.

BATH TUBS, LAVATORIES, URINALS, BATHROOM FITTINGS, ETC.

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY,

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' reference sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.

Life and Fire Insurance, effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address, 31, Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address—"SURETY", Bombay

WEATHER REPORT.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, Aug. 24.

The depression in Lower Sind yesterday travelled away westwards. Monsoon has given widespread rain. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, Sind and the Central Provinces; local in Upper Burma, Assam, United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India, Hyderabad and south-east Madras. A few falls also occurred in Baluchistan, the west coast of the Peninsula, Mysore and the north Madras coasts.

The chief amounts are Moulmein, Toungoo and Yamethin one and a half inches Minbu four, Akyab, Bhamo and Chittagong two, Calcutta one and a half, Barisal one, False point four, Purnea one and a half, Dehra Dun two, Luchiana four, Hyderabad, Sind one and a half, Karachi, Harnai one, Mount Abu two, Deesa three, Jagdalpur one and a half, Raipur, Bangalore and Kodaikanal two, Waltair one.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Gujarat and Lower Sind.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 24th Aug. 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to Aug. 24th	
			1915.	1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.06	65.22	60.04	59.29
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	0.00	74.70	63.51	61.08
Esplanade [Gok. Tej. Hospital] .	0.01	73.20	59.14	63.58
Byculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.00	76.88	65.29	70.81

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.		LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Sill.	
	Aug	h.	m.	ft.	in.	h.	m.	ft.	in.
Thur.	24	m	9	23	3	m	1	44	18
Fri.	25	m	9	58	4	m	2	40	18
Sat.	26	m	10	28	6	m	3	25	17
Sun.	27	m	10	55	7	m	4	5	17
Mon.	28	m	11	21	8	m	4	42	16
Tues.	29	m	11	47	9	m	5	24	16
Wed.	30	m	12	26	9	m	6	9	16
			0	53a	7		6	57a	16

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Aug. 24 (Thursday)	5h. 20m.	7h. 6m.
„ 25 (Friday)	5h. 22m.	7h. 0m.
„ 26 (Saturday)	5h. 23m.	6h. 56m.
„ 27 (Sunday)	5h. 23m.	6h. 52m.
„ 28 (Monday)	5h. 23m.	6h. 47m.
„ 29 (Tuesday)	5h. 23m.	6h. 43m.
„ 30 (Wednesday)	5h. 23m.	6h. 38m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	1916 Aug. 7d.	2h. 35.6	a.m.
Full Moon	„ „ 13d.	5h. 30.3	p.m.
Last Quarter	„ „ 20d.	6h. 22.8	p.m.
New Moon	„ „ 28d.	10h. 54.7	p.m.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 23rd Aug. 1916.

Hours of observations taken at 8 a. m. 10 a. m. 2 p. m. 4 p. m. and 10 p. m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.719 Inch
Temperature of Air	82.3 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.1 „
Dew Point	76.6 „
Relative humidity of Air	0.829 „
Excess of dew point over Wet Bulb	5.2 „
Maximum temperature of Air	8.6 „
Minimum	86.3 „
General direction of wind from observation to observation	78.5 „
Movement of wind	W.S.W., W.
Rain gauge	210 miles.
Solar and Guiling sunshine	0.01 inches
Do. do. next day	16.92 „
Additional fall between 8a to 10 a.m. of 24th Aug.	10.23 „
	0.15 „

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 24th August 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Amritsar reports 0.75in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded in the extreme eastern districts and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Day temperature is in defect in the north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been local; Agra has had 0.81in. and Allahabad 0.17in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Sind and local in Rajputana; Karachi has had 1.04in., Jodhpur 0.16in., Ajmer 0.27in. and Mount Abu 2.23in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in north Gujarat, local rain in Central India West and isolated showers in Kathiawar; Bhuj has had 0.10in., Ahmedabad 0.86in., Deesa 3.36in. and Indore 0.15in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect at Bhuj and Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in the southern half of the division and local in the northern half; Saugor has had 0.31in., Hoshangabad 0.81in., Amraoti 0.18in., Nagpur 0.59in., Chanda 0.48in. and Raipur 1.83in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Konkan.—Ratnagiri reports 0.53in. of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad reports 0.13in. of rain and Hyderabad 0.42in. Skies are heavily clouded in the south Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad and lightly clouded elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The area of slightly low pressure is shown to-day over Sind and the adjacent parts to the west. Rainfall has increased in north Gujarat, the United and the Central Provinces and Mysore but decreased in Kathiawar and on the west coast of the Peninsula; it has been nearly general in lower Sind, north Gujarat, the southern half of the Central Provinces and local in Rajputana, the United Provinces, the northern half of the Central Provinces, Central India West, Hyderabad and Mysore, while some showers have occurred in Baluchistan, the east Punjab, Kathiawar, the Konkan, Malabar, and south-east Madras.

Nearly general rain is likely in Sind and the Central Provinces, local rain in Rajputana, the United Provinces, Gujarat, Kathiawar, the south Bombay Deccan and the Madras Deccan, Hyderabad and on the west coast of the Peninsula and a few showers in the east Punjab and south-east Madras.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. ON THURSDAY, the 24th of August 1916

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	-.01
(23rd Aug.)	93.5	84.0	64	..	0	-0.33
Jask	91.5	83.9	80	..	0.24	0.
Do. (th Aug.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	..	..	..	..	..	-.01
(22nd Aug.)	89.8	82.1	8.	..	0.58	0.
PUNJAB—						
Multan	99.4	78.1	79	0.02	8.59	-0.79
Rawalpindi	86.4	73.4	77	0.01	29.62	12.00
Lahore	91.8	75.2	83	0.06	20.34	8.
Hissar	95.0	77.1	70	..	14.22	..5
Ambala	93.7	74.1	82	0.12	24.44	6.20
Delhi	90.4	78.7	84	..	17.79	0.
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	90.8	77.6	91	0.81	21.08	2.93
Malanpur	90.5	77.1	94	0.13	20.16	3.54
Jhansi	91.0	77.6	89	0.03	29.40	3.22
Cawnpore	86.0	76.0	93	0.03	30.64	10.02
Allahabad	87.2	77.3	89	0.17	43.13	11.41
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	95.1	84.4	80	0.01	1.80	-0.86
Karachi	84.0	76.0	90	1.04	10.06	14.41
Ajmer	89.0	73.4	80	..	14.12	0.19
Jaipore	88.8	70.1	83	..	14.29	-1.99
Kotah	87.0	76.0	89	0.05	25.29	2.97
Mount Abu	82.2	66.4	99	2.23	33.11	13.16
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	82.0	75.7	85	0.10	10.27	0.09
Dwarka	83.7	78.4	84	0.04	5.84	-2.37
Veraval	84.1	77.3	90	0.00	14.01	0.05
Rajkot	86.3	72.8	89	0.00	18.21	-2.91
Bhavnagar Para	80.0	76.4	87	..	13.94	-1.86
Surat	90.2	75.9	91	0.00	34.70	0.08
Ahmedabad	89.0	75.6	90	0.86	19.25	-4.74
Deesa	78.8	70.0	95	3.36	18.06	-7.25
Neemuch	84.0	74.0	92	0.0	30.59	11.05
Indore	84.0	73.4	90	0.15	31.87	10.08
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	89.6	74.3	90	..	32.41	-6.96
Saugor	84.4	72.6	94	0.31	22.63	-9.53
Hoshangabad	87.1	74.4	92	0.81	35.14	4.31
Khandwa	90.0	75.0	86	..	24.51	0.49
Akola	92.4	76.0	89	0.09	27.84	6.71
Amraoti	91.0	75.2	84	0.18	29.82	4.13
Nagpur	90.3	76.4	89	0.59	31.22	3.37
Chanda	89.4	75.6	97	0.48	39.0	0.40
Raipur	89.3	76.4	94	1.83	27.94	-5.39
KONKAN—						
Bombay	86.3	78.8	82	0.16	65.22	10.49
Ratnagiri	84.7	76.9	86	0.53	42.95	22.43
Harnai	88.0	74.0	90	..	20.40	17.49
Karwar	84.0	77.0	90	..	91.20	-4.13
SOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	91.4	70.8	75	..	12.92	1.09
Ahmednagar	84.3	73.0	79	0.03	10.76	6.91
Poona	82.0	71.1	86	..	15.62	-2.59
Sholapur	84.3	73.3	90	..	19.11	6.48
Bijapur	86.0	70.2	75	..	10.49	2.92
Belgaum	78.2	69.6	92	..	27.04	-9.29
Aurangabad	89.4	70.0	83	..	28.48	12.17
Nizamabad (Indur)	86.0	72.0	92	0.13	29.03	-0.04
Hyderabad	86.4	70.0	89	0.42	30.94	7.33
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	80.3	77.4	98	..	85.24	-7.43
Calicut	82.8	77.1	84	..	76.25	-2.51
Cochin	84.9	74.1	90	0.49	69.74	-1.88
Colombo	85.0	74.1	86	0.70	53.86	8.39
MADRAS (INCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	88.8	79.3	70	..	33.87	17.56
Bellary	92.1	69.9	94	..	10.04	4.51
Cuddapah	90.0	76.2	94	..	17.49	5.75
Madras	90.0	77.2	86	0.03	9.57	0.37
Bangalore	88.4	68.1	95	1.19	20.04	5.77
Coimbatore	91.8	73.7	79	..	5.22	1.41
Trichinopoly	92.1	76.0	86	..	14.23	8.66
Negapatam	84.8	76.1	88	..	10.49	4.34

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 24th August 1916 was 29.332 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Aug. 23rd.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000
" " " on Spec. & for Exp.	500
" " " of East Indian	50
" " Imports	11,000
Mid. Americans	9.06—3
Egyptian F. G. F.	11.85—6

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

	Oct.	14.70—14
	Jan.	14.75—16
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Oct.	14.40—10
	Jan.	14.63—11

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 23rd.

Total Imports	11,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's opening price.
August	8.87
Aug.-Sept.	8.84
Sept.-Oct.	8.80
Oct.-Nov.	8.76
Nov.-Dec.	8.71
Dec.-Jan.	8.70
Jan.-Feb.	8.70
Feb.-March	8.68
March-April	8.67
April-May	8.66
May-June	8.64
June-July	8.62
July-Aug.	8.60

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 23rd.

Months.	To-day's Price.
August	8.90 unchgd.
Aug.-Sept.	8.88+1
Sept.-Oct.	8.87—1
Oct.-Nov.	8.82—2
Nov.-Dec.	8.77—2
Dec.-Jan.	8.75—3
Jan.-Feb.	8.74—4
Feb.-Mar.	8.73—3
Mar.-Apl.	8.72—3
Apl.-May	8.71—3
May-June	8.69—3
June-July	8.66—4
July-Aug.	8.61—3

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 23rd.

Months.	To-day's price.
August	11.55—9
November	11.96—7
January	11.76—7

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 23rd.

M. G.	Bengal Good	6.60
"	Fully Good	6.75
"	" Fine	6.90
"	No. 1 Oomra Good	7.25
"	" Fine	7.50
"	Reach Good	7.50
"	" Fully Good	8.65
"	" Fine	8.80
"	Sind Good	6.65
"	" Fully Good	6.70
"	" Fine	6.95

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 23rd.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	12,000
Futures at New York October	14.90+14
" January	15.01+14
Spot Cotton at New York	15.10+20
" at New Orleans	14.63+13
Futures at New Orleans October	14.64+18
" " January	14.87+18

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday, Aug. 23rd.

Telegraphic Transfers, Immediate.

Rs. 14,94,000 were allotted to Calcutta ... Rs. 14,94,000
" " " to Bombay ...
" " " to Madras ...
Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 1/8
" Bombay Calcutta 42% above
Min. Rate Received Bombay that rate in full.

Rs. Nil. were allotted to Calcutta ...
12,000 " " to Bombay ... Rs. 98,000
86,000 " " to Madras ...
Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 5/32
" Bombay Calcutta 42% above
Min. Rate Received Bombay that rate in full.

Telegraphic Transfers:—Deferred.

Rs. 14,08,000 were allotted to Madras ... Rs. 14,08,000
Tenders on Madras at 1/4 3/32
Min Rate Received Madras 42% above that rate in full.

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale ... Rs. 31,23,000
Amount to be allotted next week ... 30,00,000

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 23rd.

Bar Silver Spot	31⅛
Closing Tone of Silver—Less Offering Closed Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 6 per cent. since 15th ultimo.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5⅛
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 13/16
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	6⅛
" " " 6 "	6⅛
Interest day to day loans	4⅛
" 7 day market loans	4⅛
Consols 2½%	59⅛
Rupee Paper 5% (Nominal)	49⅛
Indian Stock 3½% (Sterling Loan)	77½
Government Securities 3 o/o	60⅝
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	28.11

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 23rd.

£2	
3½% 1925—1928	86⅛
4½% 1925—1945	106⅛

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.

London, Aug. 23rd.

Bills on Madras Rs. 64,000 @ 1/4 1/8.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS

London, Aug. 23rd.

LINSEED.

Linseed Calcutta Aug.-Sept.	78

London, Aug. 23rd.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta, Sep.-Dec. Value	22/7½
Raw Java C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Sep.-Dec. Value	22/10½
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Sep.-Dec. Value	24/7½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi, Sep.-Dec. Value	24/10½

Tone.—Strong.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Aug 24.

The market to-day opened steady with M. G. Good Broach quoted at Rs. 338 and advanced to Rs. 337½ on free buying on the part of Japanese Houses and subsequently declined to Rs. 336 on bazaar selling on account of rumours of good rains in N. Texas.—

There was still an enquiry at Colaba from Japanese Houses.

Ready cotton continues in good demand.

M. G. Broach, Rs. 336 April.
T. G. Bengal, Rs. 265½ Jan.
T. K. Akola, Rs. 314 Jan
T. K. Akola, Rs. 301 Sept.

APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY.

Description.		Sept. 1916	Jan. 1917	April 1917	DELIVERY SPOT COTTON
Broach,	Good M.G.	..	..	335	280/9
ascb.	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	260/7
Bengal	F.G. M.G.	..	..	264½	233/40
Bengal	Fine M.G.	..	..	276	245/50
Bengal,	Superfine M.G.	..	..	..	295/300
Rajputana,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	..
Sind Punjab,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	242/45
Khan. Akola,	Fine M.G.	300	312	..	250/90
Indeh/Amraoti,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	290/97
Dhamg./Pulgaon,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	292/00
Toornal,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	295/04
Nagpore,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	297/05
Hingl./Wardha,	Fine G.M.	..	..	..	300/07
Khandesh,	Fine M.G.	..	295	..	274/80
Khandesh,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	250/60
Khamgwa Sanawad,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	270/80
Jalna	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	260/70
Indore,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	260/90
Ujjain,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	290/10
Nander	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	300/10
Hatina,	Fine M.G.	..	..	..	270/80
Hatina,	F.G. M.G.	..	..	..	250/60
Sawgrumed Dharwar to Ord		Aug.	335	..	327/35
Coompta.	Good M.G.		361	..	340/50
Westerns,	Good M.G.		352	..	340/50
Westerns,	Good F.G.		345	..	330/40

TOTAL RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY AS COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS YEAR DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Growths.	1915-6.	1914-5.	Difference.
Khandesh ..	365,289	250,000	+ 115,289
Central India ..	232,227	181,839	+ 50,388
Barsi & Nagar ..	240,219	169,606	+ 70,603
Berar ..	991,329	735,540	+ 255,789
Central Provinces ..	180,388	218,118	— 38,030
Compta & Dharwar ..	176,290		
Northerns-Westerns ..	190,298		
Cocoanada ..	31,213	350,151	+ 48,210
Timevelly and Cambodia ..	42,554		
Dhonera ..	193,684	291,097	— 97,213
Broach ..	291,953	289,272	+ 1,971
Rajputana ..	101,040		
N. W. Prov. ..	321,413	885,872	+ 29,983
Sind-Punjab ..	191,716		
Persian ..	542	814	— 272
American ..	....	195	— 195
Egyptian ..	792	720	+ 60
Other Sorts ..	3,402	2,920	+ 952
Total ..	3,115,025	2,643,120	+471,905

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE Co, Ltd.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as Made by the Mate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 24th Aug, 1916.—3-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	269	277	265	...26th Jan. 1917
	..	..	..	..
Bengals (M.G.)	276	266	254	.. Ready & Sept.
	..	..	..	..
Sclude-Punjab (M.G.)	..	269	248	.. Ready & Sept
Khandesh (M.G.)	..	287	275	.. Ready & Sept.
	..	300	288	..26th Jan. 17
Jalna (M.G.) F.S.	..	..	275	.. Ready
Barsee (M.G.) G.S.	..	..	299	.. Ready
Indore Ujjain (M.G.) G.S.	..	..	297	.. Ready
	..	..	..	..
Akola-Kghm. Karanja (M.G.)	..	298	284	.. Ready
	..	309	..	.. Sept.
	..	314	300	.. 26th Jan. 17
Oomrawatee Descriptions (M.G.)	..	329	..	.. Ready & Sept.
	..	340	291	.. 26th Jan. 17
Dhamangaon Pooljs (M.G.)	..	309	295	.. Ready & Sept.
Yeotmal (M.G.)	..	320	..	.. 26th Jan. 17
	..	314	300	.. Ready & Sept.
Nagpore Kamptl (M.G.)	..	329	..	.. 26th Jan. 17
Wardhanaghat (M.G.)	..	340	304	.. Ready & Sept.
	..	350	..	.. 25th Jan. 17
Broach (M.G.)	..	342	306	.. Ready
	..	345	..	336 26th April 1917
	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan (M.G.)	..	324	..	.. Ready
H.G.	..	310	..	.. Ready
Matnia (M.G.)	..	267	245	.. Ready
	..	..	..	..
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	..	..	..	360 Ready & Sept.
	..	..	..	..
Sawgh.-Dharwar	..	..	..	338 Ready & Sept.
	..	..	..	..
Westerns (M.G.)	..	..	..	368 Ready & Sept.
" (H.G.)	..	..	..	353 Ready & Sept.
Compta (M.G.)	..	..	..	367 Ready
	..	..	..	363 Sept.
Miraj (M.G.)	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	370 Ready & Sept.

WHEAT AN. SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, 23rd Aug—4 p.m.

Ready	Bazaar Rates.	Rail Rates. Del. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	..	
Wheat, White Lawpore 70-30	..	
Wheat, Karachi Bahgia	..	
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	..	
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..	
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	..	
Linseed, Brown Bold	..	
Linseed, Brown Thin	..	
Teeseed, White 50-55	..	Ready market closed.
" Gujar 75-25	..	
" Black	..	
" Gujar 50-50	..	
Poppyseed, White	..	
Groundnuts	..	
Mowrasced	..	
Jowar	..	
Arandis	..	

Forward.	Rs. a. p.
Wheat April-May	6 5 3
Linseed May	9 9 0
Wheat August-Sept.	6 2 6
Rapeseed April-May	7 2 0
Linseed September	9 3 0

THE WHEAT POSITION.

The returns show that the total imports of wheat by rail, river, and sea (foreign and coastwise) into the ports of Bombay, Karachi, and Calcutta for the week ending the 12th August, were 45,511 tons as against 7,942 tons and 29,563 tons for the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. For the same period the total exports by sea to foreign countries amounted to 4,673 tons as against 719 tons and 7,832 tons in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively.

THE JUTE POSITION.

The total arrivals of raw jute into Calcutta by all routes during the week ending the 12th August 1916, were 94,729 bales of 400lbs. each as against 54,799 bales in 1915 and 57,788 bales in 1914. For the same period, the total exports of raw jute by sea to foreign countries from Calcutta and Chittagong amounted to 17,138 bales of 400lbs. each as against 28,015 bales in 1915 and 4,080 bales in 1914. The imports of raw jute into Calcutta from the beginning of the present season (1st July) are 45 per cent. less than in the corresponding period of (1915-16) but 27 per cent more than two years ago (1914-15). The exports of raw jute from the beginning of the present season (1st July) are 6½ and 15 per cent. less than in the corresponding period of 1915-16 and 1914-15. The exports of gunny bags from Calcutta during the week ending the 12th August 1916 were 19 millions in number as against 14 millions last year and nil in 1914 thus showing an increase of 34 per cent. as compared with the figures of the corresponding period of 1915. These percentage increase do not indicate the real increase in the quantity of bags manufactured and exported because bags of different dimensions and weight are included in the total number. The number of gunny bags entered for shipment from January to date amounted to 516 millions in 1916, as against 334 millions in 1915 and 220 millions in 1914. The exports of gunny cloth from Calcutta during the week of report were 25 million yards as against 21 millions last year and Nil in 1914, thus showing an increase of 16 per cent. as compared with the figures of the corresponding period of 1915. The total exports of gunny cloth entered for shipment from January to date were 724 million yards, as against 739 million yards in the same period last year, and 619 million yards in 1914.

THE COTTON POSITION.

The arrivals of raw cotton into Bombay during the week ending the 12th August 1916, were 13,753 bales of 400 lbs. each as against 13,891 bales and 10,621 bales in the correspondent period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The arrivals from the beginning of the present season (1st September) were 3,051,971 bales, an increase of 18 per cent. over the figures of the corresponding period of last year (1914-15), but a decrease of 17 per cent as compared with 1913-14.

The exports of raw cotton from Bombay by sea to foreign countries during the four months, ending July 1916 amounted to 843,432 bales of 400 lbs. each as against 791,056 bales and 1,313,804 bales in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively.

The total imports during the week ending the 12th August 1916, of cotton piecegoods by sea from foreign countries into the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, and Rangoon amounted to 19 million yards as against 45 million yards and 47 million yards in the corresponding period of 1915 and 1914 respectively. The total quantity of piecegoods (Indian and foreign) despatched during the same period by rail from the ports of Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, and Madras amounted to 2,542 tons as against 2,034 tons in 1915 and 2,956 tons in 1914.

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Aug. 24.

The cotton mill share market stood a bit better to-day and owing to smart inquiry standards moved up by about Rs. 50 during the course of the day.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferred shares stood remarkably steady to-day.

In mill shares for September delivery Davids were placed at Rs. 535.

Fazulbhai changed hands between the prices varying from Rs. 675 to Rs. 690, standards from Rs. 1,630 to Rs. 1,650, Madhavji from Rs. 1,587½ to 1,610, Swadeshi from Rs. 1,840 to Rs. 1,865 and Central India from Rs. 2,442½ to Rs. 2,462½ Currimbhai improved to Rs. 380, Cresen to Rs. 175½ and Indore Malwas to Rs. 395.

Simplex changed hands at Rs. 515 and Century at Rs. 535.

New Great Easterns declined to Rs. 187½. Tata Hydro Electric ordinary shares were placed between Rs. 1,392½ to Rs. 1,412½.

Tata Steel ordinary shares were placed between Rs. 246½ to Rs. 251¼. Deferreds were placed between 1,225 to Rs. 1,245.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares stood firm at Rs. 305. Bank of India shares improved to Rs. 76 and Central Bank of India shares to Rs. 30. Bombay Telephones moved at Rs. 182.

Alcocks and Ashdowns were quoted at Rs. 730. McKenzie Saw mills shares decline, to Rs. 225. Bombay Burma stood unchanged at Rs. 1,022½.

Government Paper business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 76; 4 per cent. Conversion Loan at Rs. 91 and warrant at Rs. 11.

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO.

The twenty-third annual general meeting of the above Company was held yesterday at 3 p.m., Mr. James H. Latimer presiding. The Directors' report was adopted and a final Dividend at Rs. 10 per share of Rs. 25 of each and Rs. 21 per share of Rs. 50 each was sanctioned payable on and from the 28th instant. The retiring Director Mr. V. S. Rodrigues was re-elected. Messrs. A. F. Fergusson and Co., auditors, were also re-elected.

The following extracts are taken from Directors' report:—

The Company's operations in the year under report have resulted in a profit of Rs. 1,40,155-11-9 which with Rs. 2,327-5-5 brought forward from the previous year makes a total of, Rs. 1,42,483-1-2. From this sum the Directors have paid an *Ad-interim* Dividend of Rs. 7½ per share of Rs. 250 and annum Rs. 16,963-8-0, and have set aside towards depreciation of—Machinery Rs. 35,000, Buildings Rs. 7,500, Rs. 59,463-8-0, This leaves a balances of Rs. 83,019-13-2, which it is proposed to deal with as follows:—Final Dividend at Rs. 10 per share of Rs. 250 and Rs. 2 per share of Rs. 50 equal to 8 per cent. per annum Rs. 22,618, Bonus to Company's Employees Rs. 3,000, Reserve Fund Rs. 50,000, To carry to next year's account Rs. 7,401-9-2; Rs. 83,019-9-2.

In the year under report new machinery costing Rs. 10,859-14-3 was put up at the Mills and this amount has been charged to Capital Expenditure. A sum of Rs. 19,143-11-0 was also expended in renewals and repairs of machinery, and has been as usual charged to depreciation. Orders for Electrical equipment for driving the Mill with electricity have been placed through the Government of Mysore and the installation is expected to be completed by the end of the current official year.

For over six months of the year to which the accounts relate there was a general depression in textile industries. Bearing this fact in mind the Directors trust the results of the year covered by the report will be considered very satisfactory.

The Mill property and stocks are insured for Rs. 19,28,100 and profits and standing charges for £12,000.

TATA IRON AND STEEL CO. LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Tata Iron and Steel Company Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon, when Sir Dorab J. Tata presided.

The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas proposed and the Hon Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta seconded the following resolution, which was passed unanimously.

That the term of the Agency of the said firm shall be for the period of thirty years from the first day of July, 1916, in lieu of the term of eighteen years from the date of the registration of the Company as provided by the now subsisting Agreement and that upon the expiration of the extended term, the Agency of the said firm do continue until the Agents shall resign or shall be removed from their office by the Company after twelve calendar months' notice in writing.

That from and after the said first day of July 1916 the remuneration of the firm of Messrs. Tata Sons and Company, as the Agents of the Company, be altered, so that the Agents shall from that date be remunerated as follows, that is to say:—That the Agents shall be paid commission at the rate of five per cent upon the net profits of the Company (calculated as below) whether dividends are declared upon the share capital of the Company or not, but so that the Agents shall receive a sum of not less than rupees fifty thousand in every year, whether the Company shall make any profits or not, such said sum of rupees fifty thousand being the agreed minimum annual remuneration of the Agents; that in such year or years as the Ordinary Shareholders receive a dividend exceeding eight per cent and not exceeding ten per cent., the Agents shall be paid commission at the rate of seven per cent upon the said net profits of the Company; that in such year or years as the Ordinary Shareholders receive a dividend exceeding ten per cent. and not exceeding twelve per cent, the Agents shall be paid commission at the rate of eight per cent upon the said net profits of the Company; and that in such year or years as the Ordinary Shareholders receive a dividend exceeding twelve per cent, the Agents shall be paid commission at the rate of nine per cent. upon the said net profits of the Company.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

SILVER MARKET.

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S REPORT.

The following is Messrs. Samuel Montagu's report dated July 27th:—

The following amounts were received by the Bank of England:—

July 20, £121,000 in bar gold.
July 26, £782,000 in bar gold.

Making a total of £903,000 during the week. No withdrawals were reported.

The figures in the Bank of England return issued to-day reveal a reduction of £537,675 in the gold reserves held against its notes.

The West African gold output for June, 1916, amounted to £127,107, as compared with £135,289 in June, 1915, and £132,876 in May, 1916.

The Rhodesian gold output for June, 1916, amounted to £333,070, as compared with £322,473 in June, 1915 and £323,783 in May, 1916.

SILVER.

The tendency of prices has been somewhat better during the current week, fluctuating either side of 30d., with an inclination towards the higher. The improvement has been mainly owing to the firmer tone of the China exchanges, which have shewn reluctance to fall in sympathy with silver prices.

On several occasions during the last week or so, rather heavy sales have been made attributed to stale "bulls" and other exceptional sources. When Eastern rates are discouraging, buyers hang back, knowing that the market lies in their hands, but when rates are cabled steady they are only too glad to take whatever offers.

During the last few days America has been selling less freely. The silver reserve in the Indian Treasuries continues to increase, but as in preceding weeks the total of the note issues is enlarged to about the same extent.

The last three Indian Currency Returns received by cable give details in lakhs of Rupees as follows:—

	July 7.	July 15.	July 22.
Notes in circulation	7,137	7,304	7,395
Reserve in silver coin and bullion	2,399	2,537	2,651
Gold coin & bullion	1,240	1,249	1,246
Gold in England	1,192	1,192	1,192

The stock in Bombay consists of 4,000 bars, as compared with 4,200 bars last week.

No shipment was made from San Francisco to Hong Kong during last week.

Quotations for bar silver per oz. std.:—

July 21, 30 3/16 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
July 22, 30 3/16 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
July 24, 30 1/8 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
July 25, 29 15/16 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
July 26, 30 1/8 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.
July 27, 30 3/8 cash. No quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Bank rate 6 per cent.
Bar Gold per oz. std. 77/9.
French Gold coin per oz. nominal.
U. S. A. Gold coin per oz. nominal.
Average for the week 30.156
The quotation to-day for cash is 1/2d. above that fixed a week ago.

FORWARD SALE AND PURCHASE OF DEFERRED SHARES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The report that the Directors of the Stock Exchange Association have suddenly decided to stop the forward sale and purchase of deferred shares of any joint stock company as from December next has taken the public by storm. There can hardly be any doubt that the blow has been especially aimed at the deferred shares of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., which exercise singular fascination on the public and rose during the current month from Rs. 770 to Rs. 1,280.

All *bona fide* dealers in this golden security are startled at this action of the said Directors, which, in addition to being over-hasty, unfair and calculated to do harm to the aforesaid dealers is clearly intended to benefit the bears at the expense of the bulls. The step is undoubtedly opposed to the spirit of the Indian Contract Act and consequently illegal.

If the deferred shares of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., go up by leaps and bounds, this is simply due to the principle of demand and supply, and it is the height of arbitrariness on the part of the said Directors to interfere with the working of that leading principle of political economy, as they have attempted to do by their high-handed resolution.

I entertain a very high respect for Sir Shapurji Broacha, the Chairman of the said Association, but with all deference to his knowledge and experience, I cannot help observing that the matter of the said resolution is of such great importance that it ought to be thrashed out fully before the same is allowed to continue to be in force.—Yours, etc.

SHAREHOLDER.

Bombay, Aug. 24.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

There was good rain during week, ending 22nd instant. It was generally beneficial to standing crops. Sowing and transplantation of kharif crops continue. The supply of fodder is adequate except in parts of Sind and Cutch. Agricultural stock is generally sufficient and cattel are in good condition except in parts of Sind. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation is generally adequate. Prices of food-grains are generally steady. Distress is decreasing in Gohilwad. The public health is good and there is no wandering or emaciation. New grass is coming up. The daily average number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief was 337.

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

The following statement of plague deaths reported to have occurred in Districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending 19th August has been published for general information:—Bombay City 11, Surat District 1, Thana District—Bandra Port 2, Other places 4, Satara District 52, Ahmednagar District 168, Nasik District 67, Poona District—Poona Town 20, Other places 5, Sholapur District 68, Ratnagiri District—Ratnagiri Port 3, Other places 2, Belgaum District 76, Dharwar District—Hubli Town 4, Other places 64, Bijapur District 349, Kanara District—Karachi Town and Port 9, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha country States 161, Kathiawar Agency—Mangrol Port 1, Other places 3, Bijapur Agency 4, Savnur State 6, Akalkote State 17, Satara Agency 3, Total 1,091.

HYDERABAD MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

I have read the view of 'A Rate Payer' of Hyderabad in your issue of 16th instant. The action of Government in the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner for the superseded Municipality and the constitution of the Committee of Management are more open to objection than is revealed by his view. Before the Government superseded the Municipality it gave it the option of consenting to the appointment of a Municipal Commissioner and the imposition of a house-tax. Subsequently it waived practically the second of the two conditions, the waiver being conveyed through the Collector of Hyderabad, in a roundabout way and confirmed in the Government Resolution of 9th December, 1915, but insisted on the first. The ostensible reason given by Government for it, was, that there was insufficient discipline in the Municipal departments, owing to a spirit of favouritism and nepotism among the Municipal Councillors with regard to Municipal officials and their appointments. With the supersession of the Municipality and the appointment of what is practically an official committee to take its place, the alleged nepotism and favouritism, disappears and so the *raison de etre* of the appointment of a Municipal Commissioner, as urged by Government wholly disappears. Why then has a Municipal Commissioner, whose salary and allowance, will impose an additional yearly burden of Rs. 8,000 or so on an impoverished Municipality, been appointed. Either the contention of Government for his appointment by the Municipality in its ultimatum to it, was wrong, or the present Committee is believed by Government also not to be able to enforce discipline and to control its administration and to need the prop of a European civilian officer to carry on its administration and to share the draw back with which the old Municipality was charged.

Now as regards the constitution of the Committee of Management, which has been appointed to take the place of the superseded Municipality. Three of its six members are officials, with the Collector and District Magistrate, as its Chairman with a casting vote. So that there is practically an official majority. The Government Resolution superseding the Municipality evidently contemplates the appointment of a non-official Chairman as it says that the Committe is to work under the "supervision" (and not the chairmanship) of the Collector. The number of its members including its Chairman is not, it further says to exceed eight, yet the Commissioner in Sind has chosen to appoint only six. At Ahmedabad when the Municipality was suspended and a Committee was appointed to work under the "supervision" of the Collector, a non-official Chairman, Sir Chumbhai Madhovlal was appointed, though the offences with which the Ahmedabad Municipality was charged were far more heinous than those with which the Hyderabad Municipality was charged. Yet the Commissioner in Sind has thought fit to appoint the Collector as President against the spirit of the Government Resolution. The Committee at Ahmedabad consisted of 15 members, several of whom were Indians of considerable Municipal experience, while at Hydrabad there is hardly any, on the present Committee who has had any detailed knowledge of or insight in municipal matters. The result has been that the Committee has been blundering egregiously and it is only the strong official power that enables it to go on, to impose oppressively heavy taxation in defiance of public wishes and to carry matters through as it chooses. The Sind Government hitherto, used to disfavour all increase of octroi taxation whenever the Municipalities suggested it, but strangely enough this official or semi-official committee with a European Civilian Collector as its Chairman, has launched out in an enormous increase of it in Hyderabad, at a stroke and it is believed the Commissioner in Sind won't veto it. The Government of Bombay in its ultimatum to the Hyderabad Municipality indirectly declared itself against increase of octroi and insisted instead on the imposition of a house tax. Yet the Committee which has been appointed by the Commissioner in Sind to take the place of the suspended Municipality has done the very thing which the Bombay Government was looking askance at. What strange contradiction! —Yours, etc.,

A CITIZEN OF HYDERABAD

18th August, 1916.

THE TELEPHONE GIRL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Of all recent scientific inventions, the telephone is undoubtedly the most indispensible. What would the modern Romeo do if he could not ring up his beloved the first thing in the morning and ask her whom she dreamt of the night before, and what colossal proportions the traffic problem would assume if business men had to rush about from office to office seeking personal interviews instead of transacting their business through the phone! But, alas, there is the usual fly in the ointment in the shape of the telephone-girl. The modern Romeo is lucky indeed if his billing and cooing is hardly begun when it is not interrupted by a particularly irritating voice asking "finished?", unless of course the owner of the said voice is herself listening as usual; whilst the business man does not live who does not find himself "cut off" at the most crucial point in his talk with the banker and connected up with the music-hall instead!

When a satisfactory invention replaces the telephone-girl in Bombay, a gift of a thousand pounds to the inventor would barely mark the appreciation of a certain early morning.—Yours, etc.

"TELEPHONITE."

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 22nd. Diyatalawa	Brown	Abadan Aug. 16
Aug. 23rd Chakla	Allen	Buaeh Aug. 14
Aug. 24th Skuld	Gabrielsen	Bangkok July 30
Indomaru	Tashiro	Kobe July 30

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 24th Catania	Amezaga	Genoa
Umvot	Cox	Capetown & Alagoabay
City of Glasgow	Morrisen	Calcutta

The following vessel obtained port clearance yesterday:—

Blakemoor	Barron	Middlesborough

S. S. Diyatacawa:—The steamer D. cawa, 3,675 tons, Captain D. G. arrived in harbour on Tuesday from which port she had left on the 16th with a cargo of fluid oil.

S. S. Chakla:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chakla, 1,727 tons, Captain L. S. Allen, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Busreh, which port she had left on the 14th instant, with a general cargo and 5 cabin and 15 deck passengers.

S. S. Skule:—The steamer Skule, 849 tons, Captain K. Gabrielsen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bangkok, which port she had left on the 30th ultimo, with a cargo of timber and silk and 6 deck passengers.

S. S. Indo Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Indo Maru, 3,584 tons, Captain K. Tashiro, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, which port she had left on the 31st ultimo, with a general cargo and 1 cabin passenger.

S. S. Umvoti:—The steamer Umvoti, 1,629 tons, Captain A. Cox, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Capetown and Alagoabay, with same bottom cargo.

S. S. City of Glasgow:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Glasgow, 4182 tons, Captain D. Morrison, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with ballast.

S. S. Blakemoor:—The steamer Blakemoor, 2,406 tons, Captain E. D. Barron, will sail to-day from the Bombay harbour for Middlesbrough, with a cargo of manganese ore.

S. S. City of Birmingham:—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Birmingham, arrived at Port Said outward bound on the 22nd instant.

Thursday, 24th August, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A. Moyori Maru	Tumayuchi	N. Y. K.
C. K. Java Maru	Yanagi	N. Y. K.
D. & E. Palamcotta		M. M. & Co
G. Dovre	Skjuland	J. M. & Co
H. Hellas	Berg	F. F. Campbell & Co
F. Erika	Tumlin	J. M. & Co
K. Diyatalawa		W. & A. G. & Co
M. Salsette	Armitage	P. & O. S. N. Co
N. Bombay Maru	Shinonara	N. Y. K.
P. Topton	Tuke	K. N. & Co
Outside.		
F. Blakemoor	Barron	J. F. & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi, Netaweti, Indravati, Courland	B. S. N. Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Hansuri	Grey	T. M. & Co
3	Yamagata Maru	Kudo	N. Y. K.
6	Polygrass Castle	Turnbull	L. D. & Co
7	Aleppo		J. F. & Co
8	Sardar	Pender	F. G. S. N. & Co
9	Bahadur	Bartock	T. M. & Co
10 & 11	Keelung	Mackenzie	K. N. & Co
12 & 13	Chakla		M. M. & Co
14	Lhasa	King	M. M. & Co
16	Firozi	Grey	T. M. & Co

M. W. D. D.

Knight Templar	Sage	K. N. & Co

H. D. D.

Gallia	Capt. Saltau

ALEXANDRA DOCK

3	Chikos	Bignold M. M. & Co
4	Elysia	Annard W. & A. G. & Co
5	Sardinia	Jellery P. & O. S. N. Co
6	Caledonia	Dowell P. & O. S. N. Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baroda		M. M. & Co
Benvenue	Addson	W. & A. G. & Co
E. B. Jackson	Alson	
Firoze	Persel	P. & O. S. N. Co
Jehan	Abou	Sailed
Indo Maru	Tushiro	N. Y. K.
Palamcotta	Galger	M. M. & Co
Rajah	Lennan	P. & O. S. N. Co
Skuld	Gabrielsen	F. F. C. & Co.
Upada	Butler	M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

Aug. 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Elysia (s) 12 casks Indian chutney, Merwanji Framjanji & Sons; 70 bales wool raw, E. Dossa & Co.; 9 bales wool raw, R. Agarchand; 3 bales wool raw, M. Baba; 10 bales wool raw, M.

POONA RACES.

SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

HORSES LEFT IN.

(To be run on Saturday, August 26.)

THE AUGUST PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 Mile.

Santa Barbara 9-12, Le Soleil 9-4, Gipsy's Advice 9-1, Matchless Maud 9-1, Kenilworth (late Clicquot) 8-13, Martinet 8-12, Lumination 8-10, Miss Drake 8-3, Yuan 8-2, Vidi 8-1, Madrina 8-1, Tartania 8-1, Dumfries 7-12, Sparkes 7-11, Triple Alliance 7-9.

THE AUGUST PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 Mile.

Flamen 9-10, Penny Pie 9-10, Partial Eclipse 9-9, Romanesque 9-8, Wavestar 9-8, Aubrey 9-7, Motor Wrap 9-5, Castle Vite 9-5, Adelaide II 8-3, Decorum 8-2, St. Alban 7-9, Borgie 7-4, Kit Grey Leg 7-3, Lord Robert 7-0.

THE BANGALORE PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Lucky Maid 9-12, Kestrel II 9-5, Tango III 9-5, Lady Diana 8-3, Mercury 7-13, Maple 7-11, Black Prince 7-11, Red Duke 7-4, Apple King 7-3.

THE MAGDALA PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Baloz 9-6, Beyrut 9-6, Money Gold 9-3, Zaki Pasha 8-12, Soomsam 8-6, Ace of Hearts 7-12, Malacca 7-11, Excelsior 7-8, Black Hussar 6-10.

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Ruby Mine 9-9, Mooltan 9-7, Royal Court 9-7, Malacca 9-4, Solar Star 8-12, Makbul 8-11, Biglig 8-9, Brimo 8-7, Black Hussar 8-5, Ali Baba 8-3, Newington (late Sweden) 8-0, Bruce 8-0, Powerful 7-8, Investment 7-7, Black Ivory 7-4, Hurchan 7-4.

THE KOREGAON PLATE.—Division I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Ace of Royals 9-6, Tawdry 9-2, Saood 9-2, Ben Hur 8-12, Sherali 8-11, Jawan 8-8 Oxford 8-6, Lightening 8-5, Nassau 8-5, Challenger 8-4, Essad Pasha 8-4, Najdi 8-4, Osprey 8-2, Abdul 8-1, Murpho 8-1, Subeh Pasha 8-0, Shimran 8-0, Remmes 8-0, Paradise 7-13.

THE KOREGAON PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Royalist 9-0, Justice 8-11, Portugal 8-11, American Spot 8-11, Revivor 8-10, Hudban 8-9, Messina 8-9, Present 8-8, Garibaldi 8-7, Nyvaro 8-7, Coromandale 8-5, Subbica 8-5, Advance 8-5, Hazard 8-3, England 8-1, Tawakul 8-1, Bayonet 8-0.

THE KOREGAON PLATE. Division III.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Jemadar 9-0, Ivanhoe 8-12, Romano 8-10, Rosy Morn 8-10, Raven 8-9, Peshwa 8-6, White Star 8-5, Shailan 8-5, Active 8-5, Shatra 8-0, India 7-12, Pagan 7-12, Dartmoor 7-10, Vudhia 7-7, Platinum 7-5, Aleppo 7-5, Crisis 7-5.

FINAL ENTRIES FOR FIRST MEETING.

1ST DAY, WEDNESDAY, 30TH AUGUST 1916

THE LINCOLN PLATE.—Distance about 5 Furlongs.

Mr. Heath's bl e m Corridor, 6 years.
Mr. Pitt's b e g Mintspear, 3 years.
Mr. Pitt's ch e m Cauldron, 3 years.

THE POONA DERBY.—Distance 1½ Miles.
Mr R. R. S.'s g a h Longboat, 14-0, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Ruby Mine, 5 years.
Mr. Hoshang Jamsetjee's g a h Kaiumers, 5 years.

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.—Distance ¼ Miles.

Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Ace of Royals, 5 years.

THE MODERATE PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Crusader, 13-3½.

SECOND DAY, SATURDAY, 2ND SEPTEMBER 1916.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 years.

THE AUTUMN PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. A. Watson's b e g Silver Memory, aged.
Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e m Lumination, aged.

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. R. R. S.'s g a h Longboat, 14-0, aged.

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Peacemaker, 13-3½.

THIRD DAY, WEDNESDAY, 6TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

THE GANESHKHIND PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e m Meddling, aged.
Messrs. Heath and Arthur's b e h Jove, 4 years.

THE BURNETT PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. M. Goculdass' bl e g Yuan, 5 years.

THE VISITORS' PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Mr. F. A. Tarrant's b e g Vardar, 4 years.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

H. H. Jam Sahib's g a h Biglig, 14-0.

THE SEISTAN PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Malacca, 5 years.
Mr. G. R. Valimahomed's g a h Hurchan, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Nasim Saleh's bl a h Black Ivory, 5 years.

FOURTH DAY, SATURDAY, 9TH. SEPTEMBER 1916.

THE STAND PLATE.—Disatnce 1 Mile.

Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e m Meddling, aged.
Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 years.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance about 5 Furlongs.

Mr. F. A. Tarrant's b e m Vital, 5 years.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Distance R. C. and Distance.

Mr. R. R. S.'s g a h Longboat, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Heath's g a h Makbul, aged.
Mr. Heath's b a h Collingwood, 4 years.
H. H. Jam Sahib's g a h Biglig, 14-0, aged.

THE SHOLAPUR PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Malacca, 5 years.
Mr. G. R. Valimahomed's g a h Hurchan, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Nasim Saleh's bl a h Black Ivory, 5 years.

THE LAWN PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Tajilmulook, aged.

THE PURANDHAR PLATE.—Distance 1½ Miles.

Mr. G. Weeche Dart's ch a h Verdun (late Nasirabad), 13-3, aged.
Mr. Haji Ahmed Bagdady's b a l Shailan, 5 years.

Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Paradise, 13-2½, aged.

ADDITIONAL RACE,

FIRST MEETING.

1ST DAY. WEDNESDAY, 30TH AUGUST, 1916.

THE CURRAGH PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Mr. Wilton Bartleet's Santa Barbara.
Mr. C. N. Wadia's Wavestar.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's Sparks.
Aga Coochick Shah's Partial Eclipse.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's Lady Muriel.
Mr. Frank's Romanesque.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's Shining Way.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' Fredie.
Mr. Newby's Martinet.
Zemindar of Nazergunj's Miss Drake.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's Le Soleil.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's Flamen.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's Manilla.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's Philanthropist.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's Vidi.
Mr. M. Goculdass' Royal Ambition.
Mr. M. Goculdass' Yuan.
Mr. M. Goculdass' Gipsy's Advice.

FIRST ENTRIES FOR SECOND MEETIN

FIRST DAY.

Saturday, 16th September 1916.

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES.—Distance—1¼ miles.

Mr. Wilton Bartleet's b aus g St. Andrews, aged.
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's ch n am m Santa Barbara, 5 years.
Mr. J. Merven's b e g Dersingham, 6 years.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's b e m Ute, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's b or br e h Kenilworth late Clicquot, 3 years.
Messrs. Heath and Arthur's ch e h Yellow Jester, 4 years.
Messrs. Heath and Gold's b e g Joyous Gard, 4 years.
Mr. Heath's ch e h Orloff, 5 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Lady Muriel, 6 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's br e g Kiltoi, 6 years
Mr. T. M. Thaddens' ch e m Fredie, 5 years.
Mr. Newby's br e g Martinet, aged.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Shining Way, aged.
Zemindar of Nazergunge's b e m Miss Drake, 6 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e h Sunfire, 4 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e g Matchlock, aged.
Aga Coochick Shah's b e m Matchless Maud, 4 years.
Mr. R. R. S's b e h Magyar, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e m Silver Balm, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e h Criton, aged.
Mr. R. R. S's br e h Bandit, 4 years.
Mr. Kelso's b e h Vanadium, 5 years.
Raja of Jalpaiguri's b e g Bydand, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e h Vidi 5 years.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's b e g Laveco, 6 years.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr. G. K's b e m Madrina, aged.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's b e m Carpentia, 4 years.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e g Penny Pie, 4 years.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e g Hoppner, aged
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's b or br e h Kenilworth late Clicquot, 3 years.
Mr. J. Stewart's b e g Anthracite, 3 years.
Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 years.
Mr. Heath's ch e m Lady James, 5 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Lady Muriel, 6 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Motor Wrap, 3 years.
Mr. Frank's b e g Romanesque, 4 years.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e g Watteau, 6 years.
Mr. T. Ferguson's br aus g Dumfries, aged.
Mr. J. K. Irani's ch e h Richard, 4 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e g Arkangelo, 14-2 aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e g Gipsy's Advice, 14-2 aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e g Royal Ambition, 5 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus g Soultoine, aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e m Pretty Good Sort, aged.
Mr. Kelso's b e m Miss Rollestone, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S's b e g Waynflete, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e g Bunty, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b e h Dunskey, 3 years.
Messrs. J. H. Skelton, and W. P. Pechey's br e g Llangeinor, 5 years.
Mr. Pitt's bl e h Triple Alliance, 6 years.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's b e h Dorian, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e h Vidi, 5 years.
H. H. Maharaaj's of Gwalior's b aus m Lola, aged.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e m Dress, 3 years.

THE WARWICK PLATE.—Distance—1½ miles.

Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e g Decorum, 3 years.
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's br aus g Kangaroo, 6 years.
Mr. Ahmed Sait's b e g Lord Robert, aged.
Mr. Hajee Oosman Sait's ch ch h Aubrey, 6 years.
Mr. A. Watson's b e g Silver Memory, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch e m Pension, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch e m Spring Daisy, 14-1½ aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's b e g North, aged.
Mr. J. Stewart's ch e m Chastity, 6 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's ch e h St. Alban, 6 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's br e m Seignourie, 6 years.
Mr. Frank's ch e m Miss Fitzgrafton, 3 years.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' ch e m Louise Duval, 6 years.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's ch e h Castle Vite, 5 years.
Mr. J. K. Irani's b e g King's Head, 5 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' bl e g Yuan, 5 years.
Mr. T. Tejpal's b e m Adelaide II., 6 years.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch e g Athlete, 6 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's g e h Villeroy, 5 years.
Captain Cairnes and Mr. Sanford's b e m Kit Grey Leg, aged.
Mrs. Bleach's br e m Oriflamme, 14-2 aged.
Messrs. Begmahomed and A. Nanjee's b e g Airman, aged.

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Distance—1½ miles.

Mr. Wilton's Bartleet's w a g Pasha, 13-3½ aged.
Mr. T. D. Moore's g a g Chaser, 6 years.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's bl a h Black Malik, aged.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Mooltan, 6 years.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's g a g Newington late Sweden, 13-3 aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Section, 13-3½ aged.
Messrs. J. Stewart and Heath's b a h Night Hawk, 6 years.
Mr. Heath's g a h Makbul, aged.
Mr. Heath's ch a h Bruce, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Heath's b a h Malster, 14-0, aged.
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's b a h Sir Knight, 14-0, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Gold Fish II., aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's ch a h Purity, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Singer, 13-3½ aged.
Mr. T. Bateman's g a h Challenger, 6 years.
Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's g a h Tawdry, 13-3½ 6 years.
Mr. A. A. Mahomed's b a h Beyrut, aged.
Mr. Cecil's g a h Plane 14-0, 5 years.

Messrs. Nasar Abdula and Yussuff's ch a h Jemadar, 13-3½ aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Mexico, 13-2½ aged,
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P Mathradass' b a h Royal Court, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S's b a h Majbur, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S's b a h Thank You, 13-3 aged.
Mr. R. R. S's g a h Dhaman, aged.
Mr. R. R. S's g a h Kayid, 5 years.
Sirdar Diyal Singh Chhachhi's g a h Old Joe aged.
Messrs. A. Nanjee and Valijee Moosajee's b a h Gazal, 14-0, aged.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's bl a h Black Hussar, 5 years.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch a h Nawabzada, 14-0 aged.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE.—Distance—1½ miles.

H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's bl cb g Black Boy, 5 years.
Sirdar M. Lakshmikantaraj Urs' b ch m Crowbar, aged.
Mr. P. Hannygton's b cb h Kestrel II., 4 years.
Mr. Haji Oosma Sait's ch ch h Aubrey, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S's bl cb h Black Friar, 4 years.
Mr. Y. C. Ariff's br cb g Valiant, aged.
Major A. B. Walter's ch ch m Red Virgin, 5 years.

THE ARAB FLYING PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's w a h White Silk, 6 years.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Brimo, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Durban, 13-3, aged
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Section, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. J. Stewart's ch a h Arrow, 13-3½, 6 years.
Mr. Heath's b a h Ajax, 5 years.
Mr. Heath's g a h Makbul, aged.
Mr. Roosi's g a h Excelsior, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's g a h Full Moon, 13-3, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's g a h Aurora, 5 years.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Nainava, 14-0, aged.
Mr. N. Jehangir's g a h Ata Allah, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's b a h Vellard, 13-3, aged.
Mr. Cecil's g a h Planet, 14-0, 5 years.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's g a h Powerful, 6 years.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's b a h Red Cross, 13-3½, aged.
Messrs. A. Nanjee and Valijee Moosajee's b a h Gazal, 14-0, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Paradise, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's g a h Raven, 3 yrs.
The Chief of Mahlsal's g a h Active 4 yrs.
Sirdar Diyal Singh Chhachhi's g a h Old Joe, aged.
Messrs. Abdul Aziz Makanji and G. Ali's ch a h Adriatic, 13-3½, 6 yrs.
Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Ace of Royals, 5 yrs.
Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Active, 14-0, 5 yrs.
Mr. S. A. Wahed and Aga Mirza Ahmed's g a h Grand Master, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. S. A. Waheds and Aga Mirza Ahmed's b a h Mint Master, 3 yrs.
Mr. A. W. Essa's g a h Garibaldi, 14-0, 6 yrs.
Miss. H. F. Petit's g a h Rosy Morn, 13-3 aged.
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan and Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Lightning, 14-0, 4 yrs.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Platinum, 3 yrs.
Messrs. A. S. Oomer and H. Kadum's g a h Hudban, 6 yrs.
Mr. A. F. Brigstock's g a h Subeh Pasha, 13-3, 6 yrs.
Messrs. Ahmed Hazamy and Valijee Moosajee's ch a h England, 14-0 6 yrs.
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Jawan, 13-2, aged.

SECOND DAY.

Wednesday, 20th September, 1916.

THE AGA SHAMSHUDIN PLATE.—Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's ch e m Vanity Box, aged.
Messrs. A. Nanjee and E. C. Ramshaw's b e m Pantomime II. 6 years.
Mr. G. K.'s b e m Madrina, aged.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e h Radiant, 6 years.
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's h aus g St. Andrews aged.
Messrs. Heath and Gold's b e g Joyous Gard, 4 years.
Mr. Heath and Arthur's b e h Jove, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's b aus h Jacamar, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khahnh's b e m Lady Muriel, 6 years.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' b e g Pastime, 5 years.
Mr. Newby's br e g Martinet, aged.
Capt. J. J. Hilliard's br e m Lakme, 6 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e m Polish, aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e g Primrose Morn, aged.
Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e h Fire Finch, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S's g e h Patrick, 4 years.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e m Silver Balm, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s br e h Bandit, 4 years.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e h Criton, aged.
Mr. R. R. S's bl e h Black Kite, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's br aus h Twa Brigs, aged.

THE STEWARDS' PLATE.—Distance.—1½ Miles.

Mr. C. N. Wadia's b e g Wavestar 6 yrs.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's br e g Sparkes 6 yrs.
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's ch n Santa Barbara am m 5 yrs.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's b e g North aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch e m Pension, aged.
Mr. Heath's ch e h Orloff 5 yrs.
Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's b e g Le Soleil aged.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's br e h Spencer, 6 yrs.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's br e m Seignourie, 6 yrs.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's ch e h St. Alban, 6 yrs.
Mr. Newby's br e g Martinet, aged.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Shining Way, aged.
Zemindar of Nazergunge's b e m Miss Drake, 6 yrs.
Captain G. D. Arey Edwards' ch e g Spoofer, 5 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e g Double Chin, aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e g Royal Ambition, 5 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' bl e g Yuan 5 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e m Pretty Good Sort aged.
Mr. T. Tejpal's b e m Adelaide II, 6 years.
Aga Coochick Shas's b e m Matchless Maud, 4 years.
Aga Coochick Shah's ch e m Partial Eclipse, 5 years.
Col. F. W. Mussendeu's b e m Dancing Mistress, 6 years.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's b e g Mossy, 5 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e h Vidi, 5 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's b e h Philanthropist, 5 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's Villeroy, 5 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e m Manilla, 6 years.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch e g Athlete, 6 years.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Money Gold, aged.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's w a h White Silk, 6 years.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Wellington, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Durban, 13-3, aged.
Messrs. J. Stewart and Heath's b a h Night Hawk, 6 years.
Mr. Heath's b a h Malster, 14-0, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's ch a g Soomsam, 14-0, aged.
Genl. NawabzadaObaidulla Khan's b a h Gold Fish II, aged.
Mr. Towfik Esmail's b a h Ajmer, aged.
Mr. N. Jehangir's g a h Ata Allah, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Erach Jijibhoy's bl a h Young Majub, 14-0, aged.
Mr. A. A. Mahomed's b a h Beyrut, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Tajilmulook, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Ruby Mine, 5 years.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Baloz, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b a h Majbur, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b a h Thank You, 13-3, aged.
Mr. R. R. S.'s g a h Kayid, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s g a h Abdul Malik, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. F. M. Garda's b a h Nizam-ul-Mulk, aged.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's g a h Mat-hat-Baig, 13-2½.

Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Wellington, 13-3½.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Durban, 13-3.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's g a h Polish, 13-3.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Nainava, 14-0.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's ch a g Soomsam, 14-0.
Mr. Buder bin Alwash's b a h Dhaidan, 14-0.
Mr. Erach Jijibhoy's bl a h Young Majub, 14-0.
Messrs. Syed Ahmed and A. R. Dakeel's ch a h Defender, 13-3½.
Mr. Ebrahim Mutlag's ch a h Saood, 13-2½.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's b a h Vellard, 13-3.
Mr. A. J. DeSouza's b a h Maasal, 14-0.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's g a h Quality, 14-0.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Crusader, 13-3½.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Baloz, 13-3½.
Mr. R. R. S.'s ch a h Zaki Pasha, 13-2½.
Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Ace of Hearts, 13-3½.
Aga Mirza Ahmed and Mr. A. W. Essa's b a h Bahlool, 14-0.

THE SINGARH PLATE.—Distance—About 5 furlongs.

Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Durban, 13-3.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Section, 13-3½.
Mr. J. Stewart's ch a h Arrow, 13-3½.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Nainava, 14-0.
Mr. Buder bin Alwash's b a h Dhaidan, 14-0.
Messrs. Syed Ahmed and A. R. Dakeel's ch a h Defender, 13-3½.
Mr. Cecil's g a h Planet, 14-0.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's g a h Quality, 14-0.
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's b a h Red Cross, 13-3½.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Crusader, 13-3½.
Messrs. J. H. Sekelton and W. P. Pechey's b a h Tenebreuse, 13-3½.
Kour Sarnam Singh's w a h Ali Baba, 14-0.
Mr. A. S. Wahed's b a h Peacemaker, 13-3½.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Burg, 13-2½.
Mrs. Redpath's ch a h Rummy, 14-0.
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Fado, 13-2½.

THE MEKRAN PLATE.—Distance—6 furlongs.

Mr. Shaik Esmail's b a h Advance, 13-3, aged.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's b a h Vudhia, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. J. Bomanji's ch a h Tawakul, 14-0 aged.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Sherali, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's ch a h Aleppo, 13-2½, 5 years.
Mr. Syed Rashid's ch a h American Spot, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Porridge, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Revivor, 6 years.
Mr. Hoshang Jamsetjee's g a h Kaiumers, 5 years.
Mr. A. A. Dharamsey's ch a h Safi, 13-2½, aged.
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's g a h Ben Hur, 13-2½, aged.
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's g a h Anaz, 13-1½, aged.
Khan Bahadur Israr Hasan Khan's g a h Oxford, 6 years.
Mr. T. Bateman's g a h Challenger, 6 years.
Mr. K. Cassumbhoy's g a h Tawdry, 13-3½, 6 years.
Mr. A. Hoosein's ch a h Shatra, 13-3½, 5 years.
Mr. N. Jehangir's g a h Nassau, 5 years.
Mr. G. R. Valimahomed's g a h Hurchan, 14-0, aged.
Mr. Ebrahim Mutlag's ch a h Saood, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. Yacoob Zuheir's g a h Pharoah, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. Mowlud Haif Ali's ch a h Shimaran, aged.
Major A. T. Walker's ch a h Sunshine aged.
Messrs. Zaid bin Mahomed and A. A. Mahomed's g a h Cox, 3 yrs.
Mr Hasan Madar's g a h Crescent, 13-0
Mr. Dara Cowasjee's ch a h Eldorado, 5 yrs.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Makanji's g a h Remmes, 6 years.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Makanji's ol a h Bayonet, 13-3½ 4 years.
Sirdar M. Lakshimikantaraj Urs' ch a h
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' g a h Paradise, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. Yussuff Haroon's g a h Raven, 3 yrs.
The Chief of Mahlsal's g a h Active 4 yrs.
Sirdar Diyal Singh Chhachhi's g a h Old Joe, aged.
Messrs. Abdul Aziz Makanji and G. Ali's ch a h Adriatic, 13-3½, 6 yrs.
Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Ace of Royals, 5 yrs.
Mr. A. Nanjee's g a h Active, 14-0, 5 yrs.
Mr. S. A. Wahed and Aga Mirza Ahmed's g a h Grand Master, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. S. A. Waheds and Aga Mirza Ahmed's b a h Mint Master, 3 yrs.
Mr. A. W. Essa's g a h Garibaldi, 14-0, 6 yrs.
Miss. H. F. Petit's g a h Rosy Morn, 13-3 aged.
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan and Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Lightning, 14-0, 4 yrs.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Platinum, 3 yrs.
Messrs. A. S. Oomer and H. Kadum's g a h Hudban, 6 yrs.
Mr. A. F. Brigstock's g a h Subeh Pasha, 13-3, 6 yrs.
Messrs. Ahmed Hazamy and Valijee Moosajee's ch a h England, 14-0 6 yrs.
Mr. Ahmed Hazamy's g a h Jawan, 13-2, aged.

THIRD DAY.

Saturday, 23rd September, 1916.

THE ST. LEGER PLATE.—Distance R. C. and Distance.

Mr. C. N. Wadia's b e g Wavestar, 6 yrs.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's b eg Laveco, 6 yrs.
Mr Wilton Bartleet's b aus g St. Andrews, aged.
Mr. Wilton Bartleet's ch n am m Santa Barbara, 5 yrs.
Mr. A. Watson's b e g Silver Memory, aged.
Messrs. Heath and Arthur's ch e h Yellow Jester, 4 yrs.
Mr. Heath and Gold's b e g Joyous Gard, 4 yrs.
H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala's b aus h Jacamur, aged.
General Nawabzada Obidulla Khan's br e g Kiltoi, 6 yrs.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Lady Muriel 6 years.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus' b e g St. Guthlac 5 yrs.
Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b em Shining Way aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e h Sunfire, 4 yrs.
Mr. Goculdass' b e g Matchlock, aged.
Aga Coochick Shah's b e m Matchless Maud 4 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S's b e h Magyar, 5 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S's ch e m Silver Balm, 5 yrs.
Mr. Kelso's b e h Vanadium, 5 yrs.
Raja of Jalpaiguri's b e g Bydand, 4 yrs.

THEH ECLIPSE PLLATE— Distance about 5 Furlongs.

Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's b e m Margreen 4 yrs.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's b e m Carpentia, 4 yrs.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e g Hoppner, aged.
Messrs. A. Nanjee and E. C. Ramshaw's b e m Pantomime II, 6 yrs.
Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 yrs.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e h Radiant, 6 yrs.
Mr. T. M. Thaddeu's b e g Pasume, 5 yrs.
Capt. J. J. Hilliard's br e m Lakme, 6 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e m Polish aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e h Verge, 3 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e m Forfeit LLass, 5 yrs.
Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e g Primrose Morn, aged.
Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e h Fire Finch, 6 yrs.
Aga Coochick Shah's b e g Binfield Grove, 5 yrs.
Mr. Kelso's b e m Miss Rollestone, 6 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S.'s g e h Patrick, 4 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S's br e h Bandit, 4 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S.'s bl e h Black Kite, 4 yrs.
Messrs. J. H. Skelton and W. P. Pechey's br e g Llangenior, 5 yrs.
H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior's br aus h Twa Brigs, aged.

THE NORTHCOTE PLATE.—Distance—7 Furlongs.

Mr. A. Hope's b e g Kim III., 4 years.

Mr. G. K.'s b e m Madrina, aged.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's br e g Sparkes, 6 years.
Mr. J. L. Ainsworth's b e m Ute, aged.
Mr. D. Pallonjee's b e g Penny Pie, 4 years.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's b or br e h Kenilworth late Clicquot, 3 years.
Mr. J. Stewart's b e g Anthracite, 3 years.
Mr. Heath's ch e h Orloff, 5 years.
Mr. Heath's b e g Silver Thrush, 4 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's b aus g Flamen, aged.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's br e h Spenser, 6 years.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Premiere, 4 years.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b e m Lady Muriel, 6 years.
Mr. Frank's b e g Romanesque, 4 years.
Mr. Newby's br e g Martinet, aged.
Mr. T. Ferguson's br aus g Dumfries, aged.
Mr. J. K. Irani's ch e h Richard, 4 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b e g Royal Ambition, 5 years.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e g Gipsy's Advice, 14-2, aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus g Soultline, aged.
Mr. M. Goculdass' br e m Pretty Good Sort, aged.
Messrs. F. M. Garda and M. Goculdass' b e m Lumination, aged.
Aga Coochick Shah's ch e m Partial Eclipse, 5 years.
Aga Coochick Shah's b e m Matchless Maud, 4 years.
Messrs. J. H. Skelton and W. P. Pechey's br e g Llangeinor, 5 years.
Mr. Kelso's b e m Miss Rollestone, 6 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s ch e g Bunty, 5 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b a h Dunskey, 3 years.
Mr. R. R. S.'s ch e g Stageland, 3 years.
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's ch e h Vidi, 5 years.

THE ARAB CHAMPIAN PLATE.—Distance: R. C. and Distance.

Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's b a h Sir Knight, 14-0, aged.
General Nawabzda Obaidulla Khan's ch a h Purity aged.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Singer, 13-3½, aged.
General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Gold Fish II, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Baloz, 13-3½, aged.
Messrs. M. Goculdass and P. Mathradass' b a h Mexico, 13-2½, aged.
Mr. R. R. S.'s, b a h Majbur, 6 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b a h Kayid, 5 yrs.
Mr. R. R. S.'s b a h Thak You, 13-3, aged.

THE CURSETJEE DHUNJISHAW PLATE —Distance 1 mile.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Money Gold aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahagan's ch a h Wellington, 13-3½, aged.
Mr. R. H. Gahogan's ch a h Durban, 13-3, aged.
Messrs. J. Stewart and Heath's b a h Night Hawk, 6 yrs.
Mr. Heath's g a h Makbul, aged.
Mr. Heath's b a h Ajax, 5 yrs.
Mr. Roosi's g a h Excelsior, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's g a h Aurora, 5 yrs.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's g a h Full Moon, 13-3, aged.
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's b a h Nainava, 14-0 aged.
Mr. N. Jehangir's g a h Ata Allah, 14-0, aged.
Messrs. Syed Ahmed and A. R. Dakeel's ch a h Defender, 13-3½.
Mr. Mowlud Haji Ali's b a h Vellard, 13-3, aged.
Mr. Cecil's g a h Planet, 14-0, 5

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 12th of Shravan Vad, 1972.
Mahomedan: 25th of Shawal 1334.
Parsi: 19th (Ferverdeen) of Usputndarmud, 1285.
Phases of the Moon: New Moon, 28th August.
Sunrise: 6 h. 22 m. Sunset: 7 h. 0 m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Lord and Lady Willingdon leave Victoria Terminus at 2-45 p.m. for Ganeshkhind.

MONDAY, Aug. 28.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per steamer Sardinia will be closed at the General Post Office, at 7-30 p.m. Parcel mail for China closes at 6-30 p.m. the same day.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 30.

Meeting of Standing Committee, Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Varieties and Cinema at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
Royal Opera House: Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinema: Charni Road, 6-45 to 8-15, 8-30 to 10-0, 10-15 to 11-45.
New Alexandra Cinema: Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATHS.

ATMARAM DAJI—On Wednesday Aug. 23 at the age of 76. Deeply mourned by his wife and children.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Col. Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.-D.-C., Commanding.

Aug. 25.

Riding School.—Riding School daily at 7 a.m.

Signalling Class.—Signalling Class under Major Wallis (I.A.) will be held this week as follows:—

Every evening except Wednesday 6-15 p.m Rendezvous at the Band Stand, except P Hill men who will parade at Church Gate Station.

Musketry.—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available to-morrow afternoon the 26th instant from 4-30 p.m.

NOTICE.

It is notified for information of members, that a Boxing Class under a qualified Instructor will be held every Thursday evening at the Volunteer Club between 6-30 and 7-30 p.m.

(Sd.) F. C. ANNESLEY, Second-Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant Bombay Light Horse.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Colonel G. K. Walker C.I.E., Commanding Poona Vol. Rifles.

POONA, Aug. 24.

791. Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 26th August 1916:—
At Headquarters.—
Signallers, Thursday at 5-30 p.m.
First Aid Class, Thursday at 6-30 p.m.
Lecture on "Field defences," Friday at 7-15 a.m. Drill order.
Recruits, Friday at 5-30 p.m.
Buglers, Friday and Saturday at 5-30 p.m.
At the Central Gymnasia.—
Physical Training Class, Thursday at 7 a.m. Running kit.
At Satara.—
Machine Gun parade, Saturday at 5 p.m.

792. Musketry.—The rifle range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except Thursdays and Sundays until further orders. Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarter office two days beforehand.

793. Increase.—The undermentioned having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "B" Company.

No. 4446 Volunteer D. Cowasji.

794. Parade.—The Battalion will parade at Headquarters on Friday the 1st September at 7-15 a.m. for a Field Exercise. Drill order, Shirts.

Every member residing at Poona must attend unless granted leave of absence by his Company Officer.

(Sd.) C. GRAHAM-SMITH, Captain.
For Adjutant, Poona Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon'ble Lieut.-Col. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Aug. 25.

234. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "E" Coy. during week ending 25th instant. Next for duty "F" Coy. Officers Commanding Coys. should send in a list of N. C. Officers detailed to Headquarters by Monday mid-day each week.

235.—Range.—The Miniature Range will be open from 7 to 9 a.m. and from 6 to 8 p.m. on week days except Saturday evenings.

Detail as follows:—
"B" Company, Monday and Friday morning and Tuesday evenings.
"C" and "D" Coys. Monday evenings.
"E" and "F" Coys. Friday evenings.
"G" Coy. Tuesday and Thursday mornings and Wednesday evening.
"J" Coy. Wednesday and Saturday mornings and Thursday evening.

236. Recruits.—There are now vacancies in the corps for suitable men: Intending recruits should apply to the Officer Commanding the Company they wish to join. Recruits drills have commenced.

237. Signalling.—A Signalling Class open to any member of the Corps is held at the Volunteer Club at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesdays.

238. Parades.—"B" Coy. Maxim Gun Class every Wednesday, at 7 a.m. at Headquarters.

"F" Coy.—Parade for all 2nd Class Shots in the Coy. for instruction in Musketry every Friday evening at Headquarters at 6-15 p.m. Dress.—Drill order without arms.

G. Coy.—Maxim Gun Section.—Parade at Headquarters to-day Friday, 25th instant, at 7-15 a.m.

"J" Coy.—Parade of all Sections at the Volunteer Club on Tuesday, 29th instant, at 6-30 p.m. Dress—Drill order (shorts) doublets and canes. Pencil and notebooks must be brought.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BOXING.

A Boxing Class is held every Thursday from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. at the Volunteer Club. An Instructor has been engaged. All members of the Club are eligible to attend without any further subscription.

STRING BAND AT THE R B. Y. CLUB.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Ponner V. D. and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, this evening under the direction of Mr. Hugh. B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

MAILS FOR CEYLON, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. Sardinia will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m., on Monday, the 28th instant. Parcel mail for China closes at 6-30 p.m. the same day.

BELGIAN CHILDREN'S FUND.

The sum of Rs. 500 has been forwarded to the Inspector of Schools, as a result of the concert given by the children of the Indo-British Institution at the Y. M. C. A. on the 9th instant. As before stated, the concert was a great success, and it will be repeated at an early date, on this occasion for the benefit of the institution.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were two attacks and two deaths from plague and two attacks and one death from cholera on Wednesday. Bhuleshwar and Kamatipura reported one attack and one death from plague each. The total mortality from all causes was 91 against 89 on the corresponding day of last year and 89 on that of 1914; of the 2,435 rats caught six were found to be infected.

THE LATE MR. ATMARAM DAJEE.

The death of Mr. Atmaram Dajee, a retired Telegraph Master, took place at his residence in Nickadawan Lane, Girgaum, Bombay on the 23rd instant, at the aged 76. Mr. Atmaram Dajee served the Government faithfully for 30 years and was enjoying pension for the last 22 years. He leaves behind him a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn his loss.

FATAL FALL.

Yesterday, at the Coroner's Court, Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest on the body of Pandu Yesu, a labourer, aged twenty-two. At 6 p.m. on Wednesday, Pandu was working on the side of a hill at Jackaria Bunder. He was hanging down on a rope and was holding the rope with one hand and with the other was digging with a crow-bar when he lost his balance and fell. The rope did not break. Pandu died on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

AN OLD WOMAN THROTTLED

VIRDICT AT THE INQUEST.

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, concluded yesterday the adjourned enquiry touching the death of Gendibai, a Hindu woman, aged about 65, who was found lying dead in her room on the ground floor of Bhimji Saroff's chawl at Bhuleshwar on the morning of the 1st instant.

Inspector Carter said that in consequence of information received he proceeded to the chawl and went to a room on the ground floor. The front door was fastened from inside. There was a light in the room. The inside shutters of an iron-barred window were open. The deceased was lying partly on a mattress and party on a *"razai,"* on her back. She appeared to be dead. Witness went to the back of the room, where he found that someone had effected an entrance through a back window. There was a chest of drawers. Articles of clothing had been scattered all about the place. One box had been forced upon. The deceased was dead and cold. A thorough examination of the room was made. In a cupboard, which someone had attempted to force open, two notes for Rs. 50 each, eight for Rs. 20 and four for Rs. 5 and some gold bangles were found. The wooden box, the lid of which was forced open, was then examined. The tray was removed and three notes of Rs. 100 each, seven for Rs. 10 and 21 for Rs. 5 were found beneath the tray. That tray was difficult to remove, having been fastened with screws. Nothing further had been discovered.

The jury returned a verdict of death from suffocation caused by throttling by some person or persons unknown.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

NEW VARIETY ARTISTES.

The Excelsior will present a big Variety programme to-night, four new artistes supplementing the bill in Miss Maggie May, a Soprano, who played the principal vocal parts at Daly's Theatre, notably the "Princess" in "The Country Girl" and other parts. Another well-known artiste with her will be Mr. Frank Haskoll, from the Gaiety Theatre, London, who possesses a good voice and is also an excellent pianist. They present a well staged Vocal Scena, "A Garden of Music." Unfortunately they were prevested from appearing earlier in the week owing to both having bad throat trouble due to the Railway journey from Calcutta.

Another bright and refined act is contributed by Miss Hilda Marlert and Rex Anderson, who have been going strong since their opening night. They are from the original "Grotesques" and but for Revue engagements would have been on the Eastern tour of this popular concert party. Hanvarr and Lee seem to be gaining in popularity, the clever mixture of juggling and the ladies original humour stamping them as artistes of steller magnitude.

Pathe's Gazette and further advantures of Rufus Wallingford complete the programme.

A big Star Act will arrive shortly in Pierce and Roslyn. This is a musical turn who have created quite a sensation in Calcutta. Marie Roslyn, the lady partner, plays the largest accordeon in the world and Pierce is an expert Banjoist and both are very fine singers.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon visited the Cumballa Hill War Hospital and the Parel War Hospital on Wednesday. Yesterday her Excellency, accompanied by General Knight, visited the Alexandra War Hospital.

A mixed committee of ladies and gentlemen and officers of the Education Department appointed to consider questions connected with the education of women met at Nagpore for three consecutive days and discussed a number of points. The discussion was in connection with the reference which the Government of India has addressed to all local Governments.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

A CASE OF ATTEMPTED RAPE.

SENTENCE REDUCED ON APPEAL.

MADHAO AMBU PATEL v. THE KING-EMPEROR.
(*Before Justices Beaman and Heaton.*)

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. W. G. Aitcen, Additional Sessions Judge of Kolaba. The accused was charged with attempted rape and was sentenced under sections 376 and 511 of the Indian Penal Code to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

Complainant Gomi of Sambri, Taluka Alibag, was collecting rab materials on the outskirts of the jungle not far from her husband's field. No one was in sight. The accused came up behind her and attempted to molest her. In the meantime two Katkeris were coming up, who heard the woman cry out and so they went there. The accused then made off.

The accused denied the whole thing and ascribed it entirely to hostility.

The sessions judge held that the accused's action amounted to an attempt to rape and so he sentenced him as stated above.

THE JUDGMENT.

His Lordship Justice Beaman in delivering the judgment observed:—"We think the learned sessions judge has taken much too severe a view. No harm whatever was in fact done to the complainant. She is an adult woman and it is virtually impossible for a single man to commit rape unaided upon a grown up woman. In a large majority of cases of this kind my experience shows that the complaint originates in the guilty parties being detected in an illicit amour or perhaps where amorous dalliance is rather suddenly carried further than the women expected. In such cases particularly the former, the woman in order to save her own face is obliged to raise an outcry and allege that she was being raped. However, we are prepared to go with the learned sessions judge to the length of holding that it was an attempt to commit rape. But bearing all the considerations in mind to which I have generally alluded, we think that sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment will amply meet the requirements of justice.

Mr. J. G. Rele appeared for the accused.
The Government pleader represented the Crown.

OFFENCE UNDER LAND REVENUE CODE

APPEAL AGAINST FINE FOR REMOVAL OF SAND DISMISSED,

BAMA *Budhya* KOLI .....Petitioner.
vs.
JAN MAHAMAD KARIM .....Opponent.
(*Before Justices Beaman and Heaton.*)

This was a criminal Revisional application against the order of Mr. Manilal, 1st Class Magistrate of Thana, who convicted the accused—Petitioner under rule 103 framed by Government under section 214 of the Land Revenue Code, and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 20.

The facts were these. The complainant was an assignee, from Government, of the right to remove sand and mud from a place called Kavesar in the Thana district. The adjoining village of Vadavli was assigned to one Hormusji for a similar purpose. A creek separated the two villages, but there was no demarcating line in the creek itself. The right to remove sand, etc., had been assigned for the year 1915-1916 to the said two contractors by the Collector of Thana under rule 19 framed under section 214 of the Land Revenue Code, in consideration of a lump sum which they paid to Government. Under the terms of the Kabulayat, the farmers were to allow any person to take out sand on payment of a specified fee to the farmers. The accused in this case held a pass from the Vadavli contractor and removed sand from the creek. In doing so he transgressed the limits of Vadavli and actually took out sand from Kavesar, the farm of the complainant. The Magistrate held that this act constituted an offence under rule 103, inasmuch as it was a breach of rule 40, and that the complainant was competent to prosecute the accused as he was an agent of Govrnmnt and had all the remedies which were open to Government. The accused thereupon applied to the High Court in revision.

Mr. Jaykar, counsel for the applicant, submitted that the conviction could not stand. Rule 40 permitted bona fide agriculturists and potters to remove sand, etc., from unassigned Government land without payment of fees, if they had a permit from the Police patel or the Mamletdar. Here the land had been assigned to the contractor and the accused was removing sand under a pass from the Vadavli contractor, for which he had paid. A similar case had come up before the High Court in April last and it was held (by Batchelor and Shah J. J.) that removal of sand from a contractor's farm even without a pass did not amount to a breach of rule 40.

Beaman J.:—What is the sentence?

Mr. Jaykar:—A fine of Rs. 20.

Beaman, J.:—And you are moving the High Court of Judicature for such a paltry matter?

Mr. Jaykar:—The case involves a clear point of law. The accused might have made a bona fide mistake, even assuming there was a breach of rule 40. There is no demarcating line. The Magistrate himself when examined as a witness in another case had admitted that people might mistake Kavesar limits for Vadavli limits. The criminal intention on the part of the accused was wholly absent, and the Magistrate does not find to the contrary.

Beaman, J.:—We are not inclined to interfere in such a paltry matter.

Their Lordships rejected the application.

Mr. M. R. Jaykar with Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar appeared for the petitioner.

The Government Pleader appeared for the Crown.

Mr. W. B. Pradhan appeared for the complainant.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY, THE 25th OF AUGUST, 1916.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

284-16.—Ard H D & Co., Amratlal Kalidas v. Haji Moosa Haji Mahomed, Sabnis & G.
300-16.—Merwanji K & Co., Perojshaw Jamasji Patel v. Dhanjishaw Merwanji Contractor, Ard H D & Co.
311-16.—Captain & V., Kuppaji Dollaji & Co., a firm, v. Haji Ebrahim Haji Esmail Essa & anr, Ard H D & Co., Mansukhlal H M & Co.
184-15.—Jehangir G & B, Messrs. Dharamsey Assoo & Co., a firm v. Kalidas Nathoo & anr, Jam R & D, In person.
1415-15.—Hiralal & Co., Bhaidas Shivdas v. Baj Gulab & ors, Meh D & L, Edg G W & Co., G B Pandya, Little & Co.
337-16.—Craigie B & C, Surajmal B Mehta v. B G Horniman, & ors, Jam R & D.
371-16.—Ard H D & Co., Carrim Haji Valley v. Jossuf Haji Valley, Payne & Co.
387-16.—Mehta D & L, Wadilal Mathoo v. Goolamabas Goolamally, Payne & Co.
441-16.—Captain & V, Atmaram Ratansey v. Chhotalal Jivandas, Shroff D & D.
1238-15—Mirza M and M, Ahmedbin Essa Khalifa v Rustom K R Cama and ors, Payne and Co, Dastur and Co.
1052-15.—Payne & Co., Burzor Framji R Joshi v. Mahomed Dada & Co., Wadia G & Co.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE KEMP.

In the Division Court No. 40.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

549-15.—Payne and Co., Ichalal Jagmohandas & anr v. Kahandas Jamnadas a firm & ors, Edgelow G W & Co. Part Heard.
293-16.—Shroff D & D, Messrs. Surji Vallabhdas & Co. a firm v. Messrs. Javeri & Co., a firm, Daph F & D, Part Heard, 31-7-16.
S C 790-16—Little and Co, Pohoomull Bros a firm v Radhaoni widow an ors, Mehta D and L, Mulla and Mulla as part heard, 15-8-16.
T & I J 10-16.—Mulla & Mulla, Darashaw Edulji Patel v. Bachubai Ardesi Patel, Ard H D & Co.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

481-15.—N C Dalal, Bhana Walji v. Rajoo Babaji, Bhai E & G.

FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES.

730-14.—Motichand & D, The Administrator General of Bombay v. Indrasing Jasraj, & ors, Mer K & Co., As per J O 16-6-16.

FOR DETERMINATION OF A QUESTION.

266-16.—Raghavaya N & Co., Chimanlal Poonjiram Pandya v. Bai Mangu, widow, Dik Dh & P, As per J Or 27-7-16.

LONG CAUSES.

545-16.—Mehta D and L, Baburao Sakharam Jadhav v. Hirilal Bhaishanker & ors, Rustomji and G.
1296-15.—Maneck D and Co. (for a Pauper), Haji Hassan Reza v. Haji Mahomed Hassan Amamoo, Rustomji & G.
1209-15.—Little and Co., Abdul Razak bin Abdul Gafoor v. Mahomed Hoossein Dalvi, Captain and V.
1447-14.—Bhimji & Co., Anantrao Bhicaji Subnis v. Napu Patramal and anr, Judah & Solomon.
644-15.—Jamsetji R & D, Pokhurmull Moolidhar, a firm v. Kanayalal Anupsing, a firm.
482-15.—Mirza M & M, Narranji Waghji v. Keshowji Waghji, & ors, Madh K & Ch, Tyabji D & Co., Ardesir H D & Co.
18-13.—Jamsetji R and D, Khialdas Ramdas, a firm v. Lalla Dukhhnaiyanlal.
S C Ct 460-16767-15.—Bhimji & Co., Shrinivasdas Sitaram, v. Rarkisondas Rambhagat, & anr, Mulla & M.
1337-15.—Payne & Co, Lakhaji Dollaji & Co., a firm v. Hakmaji Motaji & Co., a firm, Dikshit D & P.
197-15.—Shroff D & D, Jamnadas Tricamdas v. Mullibai, widow, C P D Cunha.
1075-15.—Jehangir M & S, Rose Mary, widow, & ors v. Bomonji Rustomji Contractor, Mulla & Mulla.
1049-15.—Dik D & P, Jivanbhai Jaganath Jariwalla v. Abdul Gafur Abdulla, & anr, Ardesir H D & Co.
397-15.—Edg G W & Co., Nathoo Karson v. Bapuji Jamshedji Dibash, & anr, Dubash & Co.
345-15.—Dubash and Co., Bapuji Jamshedji Dubash v. Nathoo Karson Mistry, Edgelow G W & Co.
143-14.—Payne & Co., Nandramdas Mathuradas, a firm, v. Abdealli Abdul Kadar & ors, Captain & V.
1242-15.—N C Dalal, Maneckchand Kissondas Mutha v. Keshav Raghupati Bharad G H Dalal.

BEFORE MR. JUSTICE KAJIJI.

In the Division Court No. 46.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

757-16.—Shaw M & H, Bai Ujam and anr v. Motibai, widow, Matu J and M.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

215-16—Captain and V, Shapurji Sorabji Kavarana and ors v Ebrahimbhai Kadibhai, Mehta D and L, Part heard.

SHORT CAUSES.

504-16 Captain and V. Messers. Nityanand Umanand, a firm v. Jivanram Foajmul, a firm, Mulji and Tha.
697-16.—Tyabji D. and Co., Hunsraj Tejmull a firm v. Shivnarayan Shivbux and others, Amin and Desai.

LONG CAUSES.

138-16.—Vachha and Co., Gangadas Mulji v Haji Ali Mahomed Jalal Saji, and anr, Surveyor and Co.
137-16.—Mehta D & L, Messrs. Shivji Gordhan, a firm v. Hassan Chelwassetty Gundasetty and Bros., a firm, and anr, Hiralal and Co.
188-16.—Purnanand & Co., Madhowji Hirji v. Jagsey Khimji, a firm, & anr, Captain and V.
257-16.—Bhaishanker K & G, Dayabhai Tapidas and ors v. Kimji Walji and anr, Ardesir H D & Co.
1090-15.—Jam R & D, Mariambibi, widow, & anr v. Bismillabi, widow & ors, Mer K & Co., Jam R & D, Sm B & Co.
155-16.—Payne & Co., The Indian & Peninsular Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. v. Pandit Sheobiharilal Misra, Dikshit D & P.
813-15.—Dubash & Co. for a pauper, Monji v. Moolbai, widow & anr, Mulji & & Tha.
1262-15.—Sm B & Co., Bai Amabai v. Jehangir Maneckji Lebuwalla & ors, Mer K & Co., Pocha & Co.
1068-15—Jamsetji R and D, Kanji Dhanji v Padamsey Dhanji and anr, Ardeshir H D and Co, Rustomji and G, For postponement.
1107-15.—Sabnis & G, Meghji Bharmal v. Kanji Takorsey & ors, & ors, Ard H D & Co.
37-15.—Mulla & M, Rustomji Kharsedji Desai v. Lala Bhimaji & anr.
1257-15.—Payne & Co., S Mahomed Oomer H Mahomed Hasan, a firm v. S Nasseruddin & Co., a firm, Ard H D & Co.

A STABBING AFFRAY.

CASE REMANDED FOR A WEEK.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Deputy Inspector Dyer charged Ali Mahomed Razak and Hassan Mahomed Razak with causing hurt to Ali Haji Goolam Hossain with a dangerous weapon, viz. a large clasp, knife, and with aiding and abetting.

As the injured man is in hospital, the case was remanded for a week to enable the police to make further enquiries.

THE MUNICIPAL STABLE CASE

TWO WITNESSES CROSS-EXAMINED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, the Chief Presidency Magistrate resumed the hearing of the case in which Inspector Ragunath Rao of the C.I.D., charged John Carroll, a sub-inspector in the feeding branch of the Health Department of the Municipality, with criminal breach of trust in respect of three bags of gram of the value of Rs. 25.

Mr. Crawford of Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., Municipal Solicitors, appeared to prosecute, while Mr. S. G. Velinker and Mr. C. N. Kanuga defended the accused.

Dr. H. P. Dady Burjor, cross-examined by Mr. Velinker, said there was nothing against the accused up to that time and he had found no reason to doubt the accused's honesty during his two and a half years' experience of him.

Vithal Hari, cross-examined by Mr. Velinker, said that Sub-Inspector Jayakar, and not the accused was the master who was present on the 31st July and who told witness to keep the goods outside. The accused came on duty in place of Mr. Jayakar at 6 a.m. on the 1st August. It was the practice to keep the goods outside in the shed and not to take them in until the new master came. About the time the two carts came the accused generally used to see that the gram was properly crushed. Witness was arrested by Inspector Ragunath Rao and taken along with the accused to the C.I.D. office. He told the truth of his own accord and he was let go. He was suspended on the 5th August by Dr. Shroff. It was not true that he had asked for a loan of Rs. 5 from the accused for the Nagpanchmi" day.

The further hearing of the case was adjourned.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

CHARGE AGAINST A JEWELLER'S EMPLOYEE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Ragunath Rao of the C.I.D., charged Mohanlal Girdharlal, a Hindu in the employ of Babu Mahanandas Ramdas, jeweller of Kalbadevi road, with criminal breach of trust in respect of two bags of jewellery worth Rs. 3,425 and Rs. 6,000 respectively, the property of Messrs. A. V. Saner. Mr. Crawford appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Bashdeo D. Desai defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that in August last year the complainants gave the accused ornaments worth Rs. 9,000 for the purpose of raising a loan on them. The accused raised money accordingly and paid it to the complainants. It was last the complainant that the accused ornaments worth Rs. 5,425 as the latter wanted to wear them on his wedding day. The accused took them to Ahmedabad, where his marriage took place, and returned to Bombay last month. He then sent a notice to the complainant through Mr. Surajmal B. Mehta, his solicitor, demanding the arrears of his pay and repayment of loans amounting to about Rs. 2,000. The complainant wrote in reply through his solicitors denying that he had received any loans from the accused and stating that the money which the accused had raised for him was on his jewellery. He further complained that the accused had not returned the jewellery which he had given him for his use in connection with his marriage ceremony, and called upon the accused to furnish him with the names of the persons to whom he had pledged ornaments to raise money for him. The accused through his solicitor denied having received any jewellery from the complainant as a loan and having pledged any ornaments on his behalf. The complainant thereupon made a complaint to Mr. Griffith, Deputy Commissioner of Police, who directed Inspector Raghunath Rao to inquire into the matter. The latter arrested the accused and in consequence of a statement made by him, sent him with Sub-Inspector Barodia to Ahmedabad, where his father-in-law gave up some jewellery in a broken condition. Some pieces of jewellery were also recovered by the police from two jewellers in Bombay to whom the accused had given them for disposal. The police made further inquiries and ascertained that the accused had pledged the complainant's ornaments on the previous occasion with a goldsmith and subsequently had gone with the goldsmit' to Ahmedabad, where he sold a portion to another goldsmith. This was also recovered by the police.

Some evidence having been recorded, further hearing of the case was adjourned.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

A TAILOR'S SERVANT GETS TWO MONTHS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Fuller charged Vithal Hari alias Rama Babaji with criminal breach of trust, as a servant, in respect of Rs. 135 belonging to his master Mr. Paranjivandas Mehta, owner of a tailoring shop in Medows Street.

The case for the prosecution was that the complainant gave the accused Rs. 120 on the 1st May 1916 to pay into a bank, but the accused, instead of paying the amount into the bank, absconded with it. The accused was subsequently traced to a village in the Ratnagiri district and arrested on the 16th August and brought to Bombay.

The accused admitted having received the money for payment into the bank but said that whilst on the way to the bank he went into a latrine keeping his coat containing the money, on the ground, and subsequently found the money missing.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

SAMSON CASE.

DEFENCE EVIDENCE.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, the Fourth Presidency Magistrate resumed the hearing of the case in which Superintendent Morris charged D. J. Samson with receiving bribes.

Mr. Moses Samson Ezikeal, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Patel and Ezikeal, solicitors, examined by Mr. Velinker, said he knew the accused. He had come into personal contact with him, socially and communally. In his dealings with him he found the accused very honest and straightforward. He had never heard anything against his honesty.

Cross-examined by Mr. Nicholson, the witness said he had never known whether the accused was ever offered a bribe. He had never heard of his having taken a bribe. As far as he knew the accused had never been offered a bribe. He would not call his acquaintance with the accused a friendship.

The further hearing was adjourned.

CRICKET IN KASHMIR.

THE MAHARAJA'S TEAM V THE VISITORS.

MEHTA IN SPLENDID FORM.

A cricket match was played at Gulmarg between the Maharaja of Kashmir's team and a team of the Visitars in Kashmir, on the 16th and 17th instant, and ended in a draw in favour of the Maharaja's team. The Visitors, won the toss and took the first knock and scored 105 runs. Out of this total, Capt. P. R. Johnson (of the Somerset County XI) played a fine innings of 50 not out.

The Maharaja's team scored in the first innings 253 runs. Out of this total, Ramkishan and Salamat Rai, scored 70 and 47 respectively. The Visitors in their second venture scored 61 runs for 6 wickets. A. H. Mehta, the famous Parsi bowler, bowled splendidly in both the innings and he is in tip-top form at present. The Maharaja and Maharani of Baroda, were amongst the spectators.

Scores:—

VISITORS.
First Innings.

Capt Ritchie, b S Ram	18
R F Cooke, b S Ram	0
Capt Wace, b Mehta	2
Col Manners Smith, b Mehta	7
C Farquahar, b Mehta	0
Nawab Mamdote, b S Ram	10
A H Sparling, not out	4
E M Atkinson, b S Ram	1
Capt Gabriel, b Mehta	8
L Rosser, b Mehta	1
P R Johnson, hit wicket, b Mehta	50
R G Wright, b Mehta	1
Extras	2
Total	105

VISITORS.
Second Innings.

Capt Ritchie, b Mehta	10
Col Manners Smith, c Manakchand, b S Ram	1
C. Farquahar, not out	8
E-M Atkinson, c Mehta, b Manakchand	3
Capt Gabriel, b Mehta	1
L Rosser, st Dhani Ram, b Mehta	8
P R Pohnson, not out	26
R G Wright, b Mehta	0
R F Cooke, Capt Wace, Nawab Mamdote, and A H Sparling, did not bat.	
Total (for 6 wickets)	61

H. H. MAHARAJA'S KASHMIR TEAM.
First Innings.

Manakchand, l-b-w, b Rosser	2
Sardha Ram, b Wright	7
Dhani Ram, l-b-w, b Rosser	2
M Iqbal, c Johnson, b Rosser	0
Salamat Rai, c Manners Smith, b Johnson	47
Ramkishen, l-b-w, b Johnson	70
Bakshi Ram, c Ritchie, b Atkinson	13
A H Mehta, c Ritchie, b Rosser	0
Ganga Ram, b Ritchie	12
Sharma, b Johnson	4
Salig Ram, not out	33
Massie, c Wright, b Johnson	43
Extras	15
Total	252

CRICKET AT MANAVADAR.

WELL KNOWN PLAYERS PARTICIPATE

(From a Correspondent.)

MANAVADAR, Aug. 24.

A cricket match was played at Manavadar yesterday and to-day between Baroda and Manavadar elevens. The Baroda team was lead by Babi Kamal Uddin Khanji, brother of Khansaheb Fatehdinkhan, Chief of Manavadar, while the local team was captained by the Chief himself.

In the first innings Baroda scored 120, the principal scorers being Yusuf Baig 48, and Mahmood 20 not out. Manavadar scored 235, the principal scorers being Firozuddin of Rawalpindi 104, Abdul Aziz of Delhi 53, and Nazir Husain 24.

In the second innings Baroda scored 182, the principal scorers being Yusuf Baig 57, and Joshi 40; Manavadar scored 73 for three wickets, Nazir Husain contributing 33, and won the match by seven wickets and six runs.

The Chief of Manavadar kept wicket for his side and allowed only one bye off such a fast bowler as Erasha. For Manavadar Saleh and Erasha, while Joshi and H. A. Aziz for Baroda bowled well.

COMMERCIAL.

LATEST COBLE QUOTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.
LONDON, Aug. 23rd.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi ... 492 lbs. C. I. F Sept.-Oct. Paid—Prices 72
SOUTH AMERICAN.
Barletta Russo—6 lbs. Aug.-Sept. Sellers 69/0
BARLEY.
Karachi Barley Augt. Sept. Paid ... 51/9
SEEDS
Rapeseed, Feroseure, usual Fold 416 lbs. 85% ex-Ship Sept.-Oct. Sellers ... 68/6
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship. July-Aug. Nominal 60
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship. Aug.-Sept. Resellers 70
Toria Rapeseed:—Sept.-Oct Sellers 69
London, Aug 24th.
COTTONSEED.
Bombay Cottonseed (round delivered per ton July-August. Hull Nominal £12-0-0
METALS.
English Best Selected Copper £125
Standard Copper G.M.B. £110
Copper Braziers £147
Yellow Metal 142
Hard Spelter 44
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 56lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool ... 18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4.6/0 F.O.B. Liverpool £26-5-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie 80-4-6
FREIGHT.
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal
RUBBER.
Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure August-Sept Paid Buyers 2/11½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. 2/4½

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.
London Aug 23rd.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow 50
" Mutton Tallow ... 50/6
General Tone of Tallow Auction Dull. No Sales.

The Nagpore Provincial Association is addressing a memorial to the local Government to recommend grant of three more elective seats in the Local Council. The maximum fixed by the Statute is thirty but only 25 have been filled up hitherto. The Nagpur Municipality has proposed to ask one seat on the Council for itself.

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AGAINST FIRE, ACCIDENT, SICKNESS, BURGLARY AND EMBEZZLEMENT, AND ALL RISKS CONNECTED WITH MOTOR CARS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, LIFTS & PLATE GLASS
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GENERAL Accident Fire & Life ASSURANCE
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(INCORPORATED IN GREAT BRITAIN)
13-14, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
MANAGER FOR INDIA—G. M. ROSE.

WHAT YOU SAY IS QUITE RIGHT—
that the
BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
ensures maximum insurance at minimum investment.
That's why the number of our patrons is daily increasing.
Hon. Mr. LALLUBHAI SAMALDAS Chairman,
FRAMROZE R. JOSHI, J. P.,
Mg. Director,
R. V. Kalkini, Chief Agent. 73, Apollo St. Bombay.

DO YOU SLEEP WELL?
If you do not sleep well, it's a very good sign that you are not in good physical condition. The probability is that your appetite is also poor. You are tired out, but restless. Whatyou need is something to aid digestion, nourish the blood, and quiet the nerves
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The Subscriptions of the "Bombay Chronicle" still remain lower than, that of any other English daily paper in Western India.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, August, 25th 1916.

AN URGENT EDUCATIONAL REFORM.

That the illiteracy of the general population of India is abysmal and appalling is recognized on all hands,—by Government officials as well as leaders of public opinion. There is also unanimity of agreement that steps should be taken to remove it,—the great difference merely being that Government, who entrench themselves behind the wall of financial difficulties, are content to take their own time in bringing about this consummation. That this is so cannot be brought home in a more convincing manner than by the examination of the policy adopted for some years past by the Government of Bombay in regard to primary education. It is not merely that the pledge given on their behalf in the Legislative Council about six years ago that every year 500 new primary schools would be opened in all parts of the Presidency, has been allowed to remain unfulfilled, but in the menwhile a measure was introduced, the working of which has been demonstrated to be anything but calculated to promote the diffusion of knowledge among the vast mass of the illiterate population. That the villages,—especially in an agricultural country like India,—should be the places where the seeds of knowledge should be sown is a commonplace that does not need to be dwelt upon, nor is it at this stage necessary to emphasise that the practicable end to which all educational efforts should at the present be devoted is to see that every village is endowed with a primary school that should be a rich recruiting ground for the supply of pupils to the Anglo-Vernacular and High schools and through these to the University. Instead of this the effect of the policy introduced by the Government of Bombay of converting full primary schools into the so-called "rural" schools has been to deprive a considerable number of the few villages which possessed a primary school, of this base of the ladder of education,—with the ultimate result that the large majority of the boys from these villages who would otherwise have prosecuted their studies further are prevented from doing so and not a few of them do not take much time to cast off what little smattering of knowledge they have acquired and lapse into illiteracy again.

The loss to the intellectual life of the country thus entailed is incalculable. It has been repeatedly brought to the attention of the Government through the Press and in the Council and no less by their own revenue officers who may be expected to possess first hand knowledge about the matter. The Land Revenue Administration Report for the year 1914-15, for instance, contains irrefragable evidence of the short sightedness of the policy of converting primary schools into rural schools. A few extracts will suffice. The Collector of Satara goes to the root of the evil when he finds it necessary "to reiterate the remarks made last year on the early termination of the school going age, involving the rapid disappearance after leaving school of the knowledge gained." Mr. Shannon writing from Bijapur is even more emphatic and puts the whole case against the conversion in a nutshell. "The full primary schools," he writes,

"are all too few. I have been rather pained on revisiting schools which once had been prosperous institutions with boys learning up to the 5th or 6th standards, with prospects of going in for the Vernacular School Final Examination. Rural standards have been introduced and the attendance has fallen. It is impossible to educate the rayat by teaching him about three or four standards. It is not always possible to send boys to other villages at so young an age. The whole question demands reconsideration and far more sympathetic treatment."

No condemnation of the system could be stronger and it applies with equal force to conditions in every district of the Presidency as much as to those in Bijapur. The halting testimony provided by the Commissioner, Northern Division that "the extension of the rural schools at the expense of full primary schools has been a cause of complaint in some districts" and the conveniently vague admission vouchsafed by the Commissioner, Southern Division, that "criticism continues to be heard of the reduction of full primary into rural schools," but faintly express the silent but helpless resentment felt in every village which once was fortunate enough to boast of a flourishing full primary school now reduced to a miscalled "rural" school with its pretence of filling the tender minds of village children with disproportionate stuff that they cannot be expected to accept, much less to retain all their lives.

It may be admitted that when in 1911 the Government of Bombay decided to convert a large number of full primary schools with their six years' course into "rural" schools with their four years' course complete in itself, they had a laudable end in view, namely, the desire to afford the sons of agriculturists knowledge suitable to their requirements and such as would make them efficient agriculturists. But the case against the system, as it has been enforced, is that it has defeated its own end, because in preparing the curriculum on which it is based, those responsible for the introduction of the system completely lost sight of the essential consideration, namely, the capacity of the village child to assimilate the knowledge sought to be imparted. Nor is this all. By neglecting to correlate the standards in "rural" schools with those obtaining in full primary schools, and thereby completely divorcing the "rural" school from the general educational system, they have perpetrated the far more grievous mistake of closing all avenues of intellectual development to the sons of agriculturists, thus virtually shutting them off from the larger life of the country,—a wrong which no Government on earth has a right to inflict on any class of persons. We shall recur to the detailed consideration of the matter on a subsequent occasion.

KEEPING INDIA IN THE DARK.

It is quite amazing the way in which the most important affairs vitally affecting India are disposed of in England without a word about it being vouchsafed to the Indian public. The latest instance is the announcement in a Reuter's telegram to-day that the House of Lords has agreed to the House of Commons' amendments to the Government of India Consolidated Act Amendment Bill. As we have never before heard of any such amendments and are not vouchsafed now any details as to what they consist of Reuter might just as well have saved the expense of the cable. We do not know who is actually responsible for keeping India in the dark about her own affairs. If it is Reuter's Telegram Company, the Government of India might see fit to drop a hint to the Company that they are not subsidised officially for the purpose of ignoring Indian news. If on the contrary, Reuter is not to blame, but the Censor is, some form of public protest will have to be devised in order to bring him to a proper frame of mind. In the meanwhile, unless it is the Government of India that is wilfully depriving the Indian public of the news of what Parliament is doing with Indian business, the Viceroy might suggest to the Secretary of State to brighten up his daily cable by including in it news of this sort which Reuter does not send, instead of confining it to a jumble of repetitions of what he has sent. The fact of supreme importance is that India ought to be allowed to know what is being done for her in Parliament, even if she has no voice in the doing. There are quite enough grievances in this country without having new ones created.

The mail has brought us the news that there were other amendments to the Bill in the House of Lords in addition to the omission of Sub-section 2 of Clause 2 and Clause 5 of which no information was cabled at the time. Clause 3 qualifying rulers and subjects of native States for office in British India has been amended so that it applies only to service in the Army, while, instead of the Government of India being empowered by general notification to make such appointments, a special notification will have to be made in each case naming the person whom it is proposed to appoint. This is satisfactory as far as it goes, and it may be admitted that the Bill has now been shorn of most of its obnoxious features. Let us hope that the Commons' amendments of which Reuter's message speaks to-day have carried matters still further. It is gratifying to recognise that the strong protests that were made in this country against these obnoxious features of the Bill were not without avail, that there is some respect for Indian opinion in Parliament, if not at the India Office. It shows also that well-organised and unanimous agitation vigorously carried on is a strong asset in countering the attempts of the permanent officials at the India Office and their tractable masters to force upon this country so-called reforms which nobody has asked for and nobody wants.

MOSLEM SOLDIERS' FUND.

Among the many funds started in Great Britain for the relief of the suffering caused by the war, the Indian Moslem soldiers' Widows and orphans War Fund arrests attention. The fund was organized in April, 1915 and is conducted under the auspices of the Central Islamic Society of London. The object of promoting the fund, as its annual report which is before us says, was not only to benefit the increasing number of sufferers whose breadwinners have fallen in France and Flanders in the interests of the British Empire, but also to impress upon the Moslems of this country that the British people are by no means antagonistic to Islam and that, notwithstanding the existence of hostilities between Great Britain and Turkey, there is no intention on the part of the British people to overlook the sacrifices which the Moslem soldiers have made in "leaving the balmy clime of India to do their duty to the Empire in the snow-swept trenches of France and Flanders." And further, the purpose aimed at was to show that the British nation, because of its inherent love for religious liberty, entertains no sinister intentions either against the Kaliphate or against the followers of the Prophet within the British Empire. The organizers made every effort by writing letters to the British press and circularizing the public and succeeded in collecting during the year £732, out of which £650 have been sent to the Rajah of Mahmudabad who has undertaken the work of distribution in India. It is interesting to note that a sum of £96,—included in the above total,—the result of a concert given by the British residents at Sao Paulo, Brazil,—was forwarded to the Fund by the British Consul through Sir Edward Grey. While offering thanks to all subscribers to the Fund, the Secretary writes.

Our aim is to obtain a sum of not less than £10,000. as a smaller sum would hardly be compatible, either with the sacrifices made by the Indian Muslim soldiers on behalf of the British Empire, or with the dignity of the British people. We therefore beg to ask that every subscriber will use his or her best endeavours to assist us in bringing the Fund to a successful issue. On the other hand, the Raja of Mahmudabad writing to Mr. M. H. Kidwai of the Central Islamic Society who submits the report to the British public, says that the number of those deserving relief is so large that he, for the time being, will have to limit distribution of relief to three provinces only, i.e., the United Provinces, the Punjab, and the Frontier Provinces, where it is instantly required. In Baluchistan and Sind also, he adds, demand for relief is pressing, but it will have to be postponed until the British public meets the demand by its generosity and proceeds to say:—

That it is very surprising that in spite of all the advertisement and zealous endeavours of the Committee such a small sum should have so far been contributed to such a deserving Fund; that if all the sufferers were relieved the money which each would receive would be so small that it would be an unpleasant reflection upon the generosity of the British people, and would impress Indians with the fact that their sacrifices for the cause of Great Britain have been very poorly appreciated by the British public.

It is however to be borne in mind that the demand on the purse of the British public is gigantic and is increasing day by day and it behoves Muslims in this country to supplement by their own contributions whatever money is collected in Britain and help to carry on the good work begun by the Indian Muslim Soldiers' Widows and Orphans Fund.

Notes of the Day.

"Unjust and Misinformed Criticism."

We do not often find ourselves in agreement with "The Pioneer." It gives us, therefore, the more pleasure to quote and endorse the following sensible comment on the recent criticisms in the English press of the Government of India in regard to the Mesopotamia campaign:—

There has been a good deal of criticism in Press and Parliament at Home of the Indian military administration since the Mesopotamian campaign altered its character of a brilliantly successful campaign for one of regrettable happenings. Much of this criticism has been unjust and misinformed; and, as Mr. Chamberlain has already had occasion to point out, sufficient allowance has not been made by the critics for the really valuable services the Indian military authorities have rendered the Empire during this war. If India was not prepared to wage war on the scale of the present conflict, her authorities in this respect had no more sinned against the light than those responsible for the security of other parts of the Empire. If mistakes have been committed and military organisation has at times proved incapable of coping with the difficulties that have arisen that has been partially at least due to zealous endeavours to accomplish too much.

"True Blue."

A good deal of the feeling of soreness in commercial circles over the latest Government jute deal, says "The Statesman," is due to the fact that Messrs. Ralli Brothers are usually looked upon as a Greek firm. This is not the case, however, we are told. The business is, and has been for many years, a British one, and most of the heads of the firm are either British-born or British subjects, whose sympathies are strongly pro-British. It is only since the war that such distinctions have become matters of importance. Nowadays an innocent mistake in a person's nationality may result in an action for libel. It is very desirable therefore to be certain of one's facts, since it does not follow that a firm is a foreign firm because it employs a number of gentlemen rejoicing in such polysyllabic surnames as Eleftheriades, Polychronides or Arghyropulo. Similarly, it is not safe to conclude, because a man's name happens to be Schuler or Flugel or Fitzau or Schmidt that he is a not a Briton of the truest and deepest blue!

An Example to Follow.

There are many directions in which some of the Indian States have assimilated the modern spirit in a manner that may well be emulated by administrators in British India. A fresh manifestation of this is provided by the Mysore State which has recently instituted a department known as Efficiency Audit. The object aimed at, though ambitious is not therefore any less laudable or unattainable. It is to provide for "more frequent and systematic inspections, improving office manuals and standing orders, ensuring that rules and standing orders in force are properly worked, or if not workable are promptly modified," and, in addition, to ensure that "beneficient activities of every kind receive stimulus and serious irregularities prompt attention." It is needless to add that many a Government department in British India would show a good deal better results with the much needed fillip that an Audit like this may be expected to supply,—provided, of course, the officers who are to conduct it are the right persons for the work and are sufficiently independent.

Maharaja Scindia and the Munition Workers.

Mr. Lloyd George, in his preface to Miss Proud's book on welfare work in munition factories, mentions that a sum of money placed at the disposal of the Ministry of Munitions by the Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior, is being used for the provision of opportunities for recreation for the men and women employed in the factories. It is a strangely far cry from the origin of the gift to its destination. Fortunately someone has had the imagination to realise the supreme importance of the human factor, and there is not an iota of doubt that the Maharajah's gift is as effectively strengthening the hands of Sir Douglas Haigh as if it were paid down for steel or high explosives. The pleasant feature of the gift is that it forges one more link in the chain that indissolubly binds India to England.

Consistency Run Mad.

The following is taken from the Review of the Government of Madras on the Administration Report of the Coimbatore Municipality:—

Along with the Budget estimate for 1916-17 the Council submitted a proposal for remitting fees in the remaining four schools under their management. This is a question which has been fully discussed in the Legislative Council. The Government have decided to abide for the present by the policy laid down by the Government of India that the time has not yet arrived when it is practicable to dispense wholly with fees. The question whether a remission of fees would cost much or little to an individual Council is not a matter which can be considered in deciding the main question of policy. The Government regret therefore that they are unable to reconsider the orders passed in the matter.

The consideration which influenced the Government of India in deciding that it is "not practicable to dispense wholly with fees" was the lack of funds. Here a Municipality which knows its own business, offers of its own accord to dispense with the trifling income derived from fees in schools. And to this the Government's absurd reply, in effect, is, as "New India" writes:—

"You should not make elementary instruction free because there may not be necessary funds. And if you have the funds, you must not make it free, because we have already decided it shall not be free."

Crime in Hyderabad.

The reforms recently introduced in the working of the police department in the capital of the Nizam's Dominions, have apparently contributed to put a check on the spread of crime in that city, for we notice that serious offences against person and property have declined from 132 to 93 and 902 to 757 respectively. The total number of cognizable offences came down from 1,799 to 1,710. In regard to offences against municipal and sanitary laws, however, the number of prosecutions showed an extraordinary rise from 1,776 to 4,341, the increase being attributed to the fact that "the police are now more alive to their duties in this respect, and that there has been no burking of offences." In regard to motor traffic, we note that there were only two fatal accidents during the year.

The Censor's Museum.

The war museum in the Postal Censor's office in London is, writes the London correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian," an interesting object-lesson in Teutonic craft. It is a queer jumble of things,—extracted from the letter post,—things that have no right to be there. The importance of the collection is the evidence, it gives, sufficient to convince neutrals that if the British search the mails, it is for justifiable reasons.

The museum looks like a German jumble sale. The tables are loaded with an extraordinary variety of small articles, such as our blockade makes it difficult for the Germans to get—anything that will go in a letter packet, from a football bladder to a piece of bacon.

If the Censor were a little less trusting the Germans would have used the letter post to some purpose.

The rubber exhibits are the best illustration of the German ingenuity in finding a loophole in the blockade. Here are some neat packages of pure rubber addressed to Hamburg. They are samples of some three thousand similar packages taken from registered letter-bags and addressed to a complacent neutral for forwarding to Germany. A favourite dodge is to make up a packet that looks like a magazine roll, but which, when examined, is found to contain rubber in some form—sheet and valve rubber, and so on. One of the cleverest notions was to make up rubber to look so like a well-known make of golf ball that a golfer would be deceived unless he bounced it. It occurred to one exporter to slip a thin sheet of rubber in letters, and there were thousands of those letters. Many of the packets have double covers. The outer cover is addressed to a neutral, whose function is to strip it off and post the contraband article to the real address on the inner one.

The Most Common Form.

The most common form of bogus letter packet is the bundle of newspapers.

These packets look quite innocent, but the two ends are plugs of newspaper and in between is a long calico bag, which may contain rice, tea, cocoa, oatmeal, or anything to eat. Two pounds of coffee were discovered in what seemed a roll of hyphenated journals.

Some idea of the value of food in Germany can be gained from the postage paid on parcels.

The prize exhibit in this line is a twelve-pound piece of bacon (or rather its wrapping, for the bacon was distinctly high when found), with stamps amounting in value to 35s. Large packages of coffee, trying to look like printed matter, were plastered with stamps.

The joke of the museum is a letter addressed by a friend of the Allies across the sea to "William Hohenzollern, Berlin. If the party is not there please forward to St. Helena." It contained a cartoon of the Kaiser and the Crown Prince before Verdun.. "Our Gallipoli, father!" says the Crown Prince.

DEATH OF MR. G. G. CRAIG.

We deeply regret to announce the death of Mr. George Grant Craig, of the staff of "The Bombay Chronicle," which occurred at 1-55 a.m. this morning at the European General Hospital at the age of 59. The funeral will take place this evening from the hospital at 5-10 (S. T.).

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

BALKAN OFFENSIVE.

ALLIES' ADVANCE IN THE WEST.

RUSSIAN SUCCESSES.

ITALIAN PROGRESS IN TOFANA REGION.

All Bulgarian attacks on Serbian left have been repulsed and the Serbians continue to progress north of Strupino. An enemy attack on the French holding Komarjan Ridge has also been repulsed. The enemy is entrenching on the Struma front.

The Germans twice made determined attacks on the new British trenches south of Thiepval on Tuesday, but were repulsed ultimately, suffering heavily both times.

A later message says that south of Thiepval the British have gained further 200 yards of trench and have straightened their line.

A brilliant French attack on the right of the Meuse between Fleury and Thiaumont Work on Wednesday resulted in the troops appreciably advancing. They took 200 prisoners.

An artillery duel north and south of the Somme was in progress throughout Wednesday. An enemy attack south of Estrees and west of Soyecourt gained a footing at some points in the trenches captured by the French on the 21st instant.

The French have brought down five enemy aeroplanes and the British have destroyed at least four, while several others were either disabled or pursued to their aerodromes.

A semi-official Berlin statement, while admitting that the battleship Westfalen, of Nassau class, was hit by a torpedo, says that the second torpedo missed, that the vessel remained capable of manoeuvring and that the damage can be repaired.

The Russians have repulsed enemy offensive south of Brody and have captured two heights north and south of Koverla Mountain on the Hungarian frontier.

The Russian offensive west of Lake Van is proceeding, while the Turkish offensive on the Caucasian front near the coast has been driven back.

The Italians have carried strong enemy positions on the western slopes of the Tofana and in the Travenanzes Valley, the enemy sustaining heavy losses.

The Mesopotamia Commission has adjourned for a fortnight, after hearing the evidence of Sir Edmund Barrow, who gave a general survey of the history of the expedition.

STEADY PROGRESS OF BALKAN OFFENSIVE.

ALLIED GAINS ON THE SOMME AND THE MEUSE.

ALLIES' BALKAN OFFENSIVE.

SERBIANS CONTINUE TO PROGRESS.

BOMBARDMENT ON DOIRAN FRONT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SALONIKA, Aug. 23.

Fighting continues on the Serbian left. All Bulgarian attacks have been repulsed and the Serbians continue to make progress north of the Strupino.

There has been bombardment at Doiran and on the Veles slopes.

General Sarrail has warmly praised the British infantry and yeomanry.

BULGARIAN ADVANCE CHECKED.

ATTACK ON KOMERJAN RIDGE REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SALONIKA, Aug. 23.

A communiqué says:—An enemy attack on the French holding the Komerjan ridge has been repulsed.

Two battalions of the enemy were seen in the neighbourhood of Dauli on the Doiran front and we drove in their advanced troops. The enemy is entrenching on the Struma front.

The Serbians are now holding the line in the neighbourhood of Lake Ostrovo and Pozar.

TUESDAY'S OPERATIONS.

ENTIRELY FAVOURABLE TO ALLIES

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Aug. 24.

Tuesday's operations were entirely favourable to the Allies.

In the centre the French and British maintained and consolidated all the positions won between the Beles mountains, east of Lake Doiran, and the Moglenica river, parallel to and west of the river Vardar.

Further left the Serbians increased their progress on the wooded slopes of Kukuroff, north of Strubino, thus nearing one of the rare passes crossing the Moglena mountain chain.

Finally, on the extreme wings the Bulgarian double offensive towards Lake Ostrovo westward, and on the Struma river eastward, has now been completely mastered.

We can therefore confidently await further operations.

GREEK RESISTANCE TO BULGARIAN AGGRESSION.

THE GALLANT GREEK COMMANDER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

SALONIKA, Aug. 23.

The calling out of the demobilised reserves at Serres on the 22nd instant was the act of the gallant commander Colonel Christodoulu, who is stoutly resisting the advancing Bulgars. Volunteers are being organised in Salonika to proceed to his support.

A contingent of Albanians has landed.

JAPANESE TROOPS AT CHENGCHIATUNG,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

TOKIO, Aug. 23.

The presence of Japanese troops at Chengchiatung is due to the permission granted by the Chinese Governor of Mukden also by the Government at Peking because of the massacres of Japanese by Chinese there some years ago.

DEUTSCHLAND RETURNS TO BREMEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.

The German merchant submarine Deutschland has arrived at Bremen.

THE PRINCE LINE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug 23.

Messrs. Furness, Withy and Co., have acquired a preponderating interest in the Prince Line.

BRITISH ADVANCE NEAR THIEPVAL.

FURTHER 200 YDS. OF TRENCH GAINED.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES IN AIR COMBATS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 24.

General Haig in a communiqué last night reported—South of Thiepval the British have gained further 200 yards of trench and have straightened the line.

We silenced in three different areas the enemy's artillery which had been showing much activity.

Enemy aircraft, which showed unwonted enterprise, was engaged in large numbers with very satisfactory results. At least four were destroyed, others were driven down not under control and others were pursued to their aerodromes. We had no casualties.

GERMAN ATTACKS SOUTH OF THIEPVAL.

REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

General Haig this afternoon reports:—The enemy twice made determined counter-attacks on our new trenches south of Thiepval yesterday evening.

The first obtained a temporary footing, but was immediately driven out. The second was completely repulsed. The enemy suffered heavily both times.

GERMAN SHORTAGE OF RESERVES.

JADED INFANTRY'S FUTILE COUNTER-ATTACKS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

Reuter's representative at Headquarters wires that owing to the comparative shortage of reserves the German infantry are unquestionably very jaded.

There has never been a period when their counter-attacks have so systematically failed; after fifty days' offensive we have in no place retired.

Captured letters show much depression and of this the steady stream of deserters is an even more significant indication.

GERMAN NAVAL LOSS.

ENEMY'S VERSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 23.

A semi-official Berlin statement admits that the battleship Westfalen, which is of the Nassau class, was hit by a torpedo on the 19th instant, but says that the damage can be repaired.

The statement declares that the vessel remained capable of manoeuvring and that the second torpedo missed.

GERMAN FLEET'S FLIGHT.

A MAD RETREAT

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

A telegram from Rotterdam says Dutch skippers confirm the ignominious flight of the German fleet. They sighted sixty vessels at nine in the morning guided by three Zeppelins, and again sighted them at six in the evening farther north, steaming furiously eastward.

Other skippers an hour previously saw British squadrons steaming northward in the direction of the enemy. Three Zeppelins appeared from the north and turned on spotting the British squadrons, after which the German fleet was seen in a mad retreat. The British squadrons were seen for hours scouring the sea.

PARLIAMENT BILL.

HOUSE OF LORDS' AMENDMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The House of Commons has accepted the Lords' amendment to the Parliament Bill limiting to two years any Parliament elected on the old register.

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

Parliament has adjourned.

BRILLIANT FRENCH ATTACK.

ADVANCE ON RIGHT OF THE MEUSE.

ARTILLERY DUEL NORTH AND SOUTH OF SOMME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Aug. 24.

Last night's communiqué said:—North and south of the Somme the artillery duel continued all day. It was especially lively in the sectors of Belloy and Estrees.

A brilliant attack on the right of the Meuse between Fleury and Thiaumont Work resulted in the French troops' appreciably advancing. They took 200 prisoners.

FIGHTING NEAR ESTREES AND SOYECOURT.

FIVE GERMAN AEROPLANES BROUGHT DOWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Aug. 23.

This afternoon's communiqué says:—An enemy attack south of Estrees and west of Soyecourt gained a footing at some points in the trenches captured by us on the 21st instant.

There has been a lively artillery duel north and south of Maurepas, but the enemy did not attack.

Five German aeroplanes have been brought down.

GENERAL SHAW.

STATEMENT IN LORDS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

In the House of Lords, Lord Islington, replying to Lord Peel, said General Shaw had been transferred from the command at Aden because the Government of India was dissatisfied with his conduct of responsible duties, and had been removed from the command at Karachi because of his share in responsibility for the troop train disaster.

PERSECUTED POPULATION OF SYRIA.

DJEMAL PASHA'S JUSTIFICATION OF HIS BRUTALITIES

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 24.

The "Pioneer's" Cairo correspondent writes:—The movement in Egypt in aid of the starving and persecuted population of Syria is developing and a very strong committee has been formed to carry on negotiations with America and to organise supplies to assist their suffering fellow-countrymen.

Djemal Pasha, Commander-in-Chief in Syria, who is responsible for wholesale executions and for general ill-treatment of Syrians, recently issued a proclamation justifying his attitude. Djemal Pasha's plea is that those whom he executed, tortured and exiled had been traitors to Turkey and had aided the latter's enemies and he bases his assertion on the correspondence which was found at the Consulate of a which was found at the consulate of a certain Entente Power (not British) and which the staff omitted to destroy before they left.

TURKS AND ARMENIANS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.

The State Department has instructed the American Embassy in Constantinople to make representations to the Porte in the name of humanity that it do not permit the massacre of Armenians in Persia like in Asia Minor.

DARDANELLES COMMISSION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The Dardanelles Commission sat privately to-day to examine General Monro.

WAR GIFT FROM SIAM

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

It is officially stated that British subjects of all races in Siam have given the Imperial Government £2,250 for the purchase of a fighting aeroplane. They hope to provide another later.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

ENEMY REPULSED SOUTH OF BRODY.

PROGRESS OF CAUCASIAN CAMPAIGN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

A Russian official announcement says:—We have everywhere repulsed the enemy offensive south of Brody.

We captured two heights north and south of Koverla mountain on the Hungarian frontier near the source of the Pruth.

The Turkish offensive on the Caucasian front near the coast has been driven back. Our offensive west of Lake Van is proceeding.

PROGRESS OF ITALIAN OFFENSIVE.

SUCCESS IN TOFANA AND TRAVENANZES REGIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

An Italian communiqué says:—We carried strong enemy positions on the western slopes of the Tofana and in the Travenanzes Valley. The enemy sustained heavy losses.

MESOPOTAMIA COMMISSION.

ADJOURNED FOR A FORTNIGHT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.

It is officially announced that the Mesopotamia Commission concluded the hearing of the evidence of Sir Edmund Barrow, who gave a general survey of the history of the expedition.

The Commission then adjourned for a fortnight in order to master a number of documents prior to taking up the medical side of the inquiry.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA BILL

LORDS AGREE TO HOUSE OF COMMONS AMENDMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 22.

In the House of Commons Mr. Asquith announced that the House of Lord had agreed to the House of Commons' amendments to the Government of India Amendment Bill.

VESSELS SUNK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The Italian steamer Erix and several sailing vessels have been sunk.

YORKSHIRE EXPLOSION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

In House of Commons Dr. Addison said the cause of the Yorkshire explosion had not been discovered.

(Continued from Column 6.)

to Nadia, Howrah and Tipperah, seven to Hooghly, five to Khulna, four to Noakhali, three to Malda, two to Rajshahi, one to Midnapore and one to Chittagong. Internments have not been asked for hastily and blindly as some suppose. If that was the case the police would have seized a large number of those whom they looked on suspects immediately after passing of the Act. Only 22 orders were passed in May, 1915, and only 48 others in that year. Altogether the bulk of orders that have been passed in this year, are one in January, 27 in February, 37 in March, 52 in April, 22 in May, 23 in June, three in July and 43 in the first 15 days of this month, 278 in all. That gives you the total number of orders passed. It is a larger number than that of those interned, for, it includes absconders and some who have been dealt with by ordinary courts or under the Regulation of 1818. The explanation of this is that the police are carefully sifting their evidence, that every time they have made a seizure of any number of those whom they suspect, they have secured sometimes from statements made by those taken and sometimes from documents discovered in the house or on the persons, of those taken, further evidence which involved others. It is true that in many cases our police have for a long time suspected some of those who only lately have been proceeded against. But in those cases it is only more recently that grounds of suspicion became so strong or so numerous as to warrant them in taking action.

REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITY IN BENGAL.

LORD CARMICHAEL ON INTERNMENTS.

"THINGS NOT SO BAD AS MANY BELIEVE."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 24.

His Excellency the Governor of Bengal in the course of his address at the close of a Durbar held yesterday at Dacca, referring to the present situation in Bengal, said that things were not so bad as many people who knew nothing would believe to be. There were more Bengalis to-day than there were ever before, who felt that in being loyal to King George they were also loyal to the motherland, but still there were an appreciable number of earnest patriotic Bengalees who honestly believed that they could serve their country best by trying to do harm to England. As they grew older and wiser they would change their minds as others had done. But there were others, too many of them in Bengal, who were not patriotic, who were only full of self-conceit and who were greedy of personal gain, too cowardly, some of them, to come into open and mean enough to persuade better but more ignorant young men to do what they would not themselves dare to do. With regard to this his Excellency said:—"I know Bengal regrets that it is so. You can help, all Bengal can help, to make it so no longer. If there is once strong public opinion that all revolutionary activity is not only futile but a threat to Britain, but a treachery to Bengal, the activity will close. Such public opinion is growing and you can help it to grow." Other things needed in this connection, he said, were more subtle observation, possibly some changes in penal laws, better training for young Bengalees, more outlets for their energies, and more encouragement to them, to make good use of their abilities. With regard to internments, he said, the Defence of India Act was passed because of the war; but it was passed avowedly to deal among other things, with the situation in Bengal dangerous at any time, but far more dangerous while the war was going on and it would be criminal of the Government of Bengal if it did not make use of it.

NOT UNDULY SEVERE.

Proceeding his Excellency said:—In the internment of suspects I do not think any one can truthfully say we have been unduly severe in our treatment of them. It was often stated that when a person's means of livelihood are stopped some compensation should be made. We have done that. Allowances have been given to 154 persons out of 220, who are at this moment interned. These allowances vary from Rs. 8 to Rs. 87. They run for the most part from Rs. 20 to Rs. 50; six are below and only two above these amounts. They are made with discrimination, for the public purse must be considered. In comparatively few cases applications for a compassionate grant were made on behalf of the families of those interned and in 12 of these after enquiry an allowance was granted. It is often said that persons who are interned do not know what they are suspected of and have no opportunity of giving any explanation. This is not now true. Though it was partially true for a time every person interned is told in general terms what the allegations against him are. They are told wherever possible, without causing risk to the lives of others, of facts which seem to our officers to tell against them and they are asked to explain them if they can. It is true that much of the evidence against them is not such as could be brought forward in a court of law. If it were they would be brought before a tribunal. We have a right to bring them before a tribunal. Possibly we might, if we were less scrupulous. In every case where a man is interned an officer who by his position is eligible to act as a High Court judge and whose reputation for fairness seems to the Governor-in-Council unquestionable, has examined all that the police have to say and has pronounced that he believed there are sound grounds for suspecting the man whom it is proposed to intern. Evidence sometimes, indeed often, must be that of informers. Sometimes it is statements made by persons who are themselves interned. It is clear, I think, to all that in the present state of affairs it would not be right for Government to publish information of this kind.

NOT TRIFLING CRIMES.

That the crimes with which the interned persons are suspected of being connected, are not trifling, is certain. Eleven of those with whom we have dealt with, are suspected of being themselves assassins or knowingly abettors of assassination, 16 of them being party to dacoity in which there was assassination, 15 not only being party to assassination, but of having organised other serious crimes, seven of having been assassins, dacoits and organisers, nine of having been connected with a conspiracy planned by Germans, 85 of having taken part in dacoity, 34 of having joined in dacoity as well as organised crimes and 71 of having been organisers of serious crimes. There is not a single person who has been actually dealt with under the Defence of India Act, against whom the police have not produced evidence sufficient to lead a man of mature judicial experience to say that there is ground for believing that he probably has taken some part in one or other of these crimes. That the revolutionary movement is widespread is clear, for, apart from two who do not belong to Bengal at all, persons interned in the province to-day came from 17 different districts. Fifty belong to Calcutta, 30 to Mymensingh, 25 to (the 24-Parganas, 23 to Faridpur, 21 to Dacca, 10 to Backergunge, 11 to Pabna, nine to Jessore, eight each

(Continued in column 5.)

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

TOWN PLANNING AT BANDRA.

QUESTION OF CORPORATION'S LIABILITY.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta presiding, when consideration was given to the report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the transfer of certain lands in connection with the provision of a road from the Bandra Causeway to the Ghodbunder Road (Bandra Town Planning Scheme No. 1).

The Committee in their report stated:—

The scheme provides a 70 feet road from the causeway through a section of Bandra upto the new first section of the Bandra-Ghodbunder Road now under construction The Slaughter House is outside the area of the scheme. The Bombay Municipality can, therefore, come in by consent only, but it has been assumed that the Corporation would co-operate in the manner suggested. The proposal of the Salsette Development Officer is that the Municipality should relinquish an area of about 2,417 square yards out of the Bandra Slaughter House property as shown in green hatching on the plan submitted and should receive in return the following concessions:—

1. The free grant of the land indicated by red hatching (255 square yards) to the Corporation on the same terms as to assessment as the land now included in the Slaughter House property.

2. Free allotment to the Corporation as part of the Town Planning Scheme of the area shown in blue hatching (525 square yards) also on the same terms as to assessment as the land they now hold.

3. A fresh agreement with the Corporation as to their Slaughter House property excluding the area in green hatching and including the area in blue and red hatching and containing the following further modification:—

Proviso 1 (b) in clause 3 of the agreement should be revised, the margin on the south to be increased from 10 feet to 17 feet, margin on west to be reduced from 25 feet to 10 feet, and margin on north to be reduced from 35 feet to 10 feet.

4. As further compensation to the Corporation, the Salsette Officer agrees to allow the Corporation to build shops on the northern boundary after having the 10 feet margin on their applying for permission to do so in spite of anything contained in proviso 1 (c) in clause 3, the assessment being revised according to the ordinary rules when the shops are built.

The Committee being of opinion that Government should agree to grant to the Municipality a long term lease for the use of the land for the purposes of a Slaughter House without any interference in future and also to allow the Municipality to build shops or any other structure on it, the Municipal Commissioner addressed the Salsette Officer in the matter. After careful consideration of the issues involved in the proposal, the Committee approve of the proposed arrangement and beg to recommend that the proposed transfer of lands be agreed to, subject to the conditions specified in the foregoing paragraph and subject further to the conditions and understandings specified in the Salsette Development Officer's letter, dated the 11th August 1916.

The Committee also recommend that the Commissioner be requested to open negotiations with Government for acquiring the surrounding vacant land in connection with the Slaughter House. The Committee understand from the Salsette Development Officer, who was good enough to attend their meeting on the 14th August 1916, that he does not anticipate any difficulty in the matter and that any application that the Municipality may make for the acquisition of the land will be favourably considered.

Mr. Rajaram Tukaram, in a minute of dissent suggested that items Nos. 1 and 3 referred to above should form part of the proposals to the Development Officer and Government should undertake to bear the costs of those schemes as they have undertaken to bear the cost of the Town Planning Scheme.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola moved that the report be adopted.

Mr. Rajaram Tukaram moved as an amendment that the cost of building the compound wall should be defrayed by Government and that the question of allowing the Corporation to build the storm-water drain along the road should be settled between the Development Officer and the Bandra Municipality.

The Commissioner said the points raised about the wall and the drainage were minor points and he did not think any good purpose would be served by delaying the matter.

CORPORATION'S LIABILITY.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla thought Mr. Rajaram must be labouring under some misunderstanding. He pointed out that the provision for rebuilding the compound wall had been made in the Town Planning Scheme as part of the cost of the scheme. The Development Officer had himself written so to the Commissioner The liability for building the wall had thus been undertaken by Government and so, if at any time the question of liability arose, the Corporation could refer to this part of the Development Officer's letter. Then as to the question of the drain, there was no question of constructing a drain. The Corporation were merely asking to be allowed to fill up an existing drain which ran through their property and were under no obligation to build a new one in its place. The filling up of the present drain would improve their property and he (Sir Ibrahim) did not think, if other people used the drain, the Corporation would be doing any good by going into the legal aspect as to what right each of the parties had to use the drain.

The amendment was lost, and the original proposition was carried.

JAIN HOLIDAY'S.

RAILWAY FACILITIES.

The following arrangements will be made by the G. I. P. Railway to meet the expected rush of the Jains to and from Ghatkopar from to-day to Saturday, the 2nd proximo:—109 down will be extended to Thana on Sunday, the 27th,—Bombay dep. 7, Ghatkopar arr. 7-42, Thana arr. 813. 117 down Kurla Passenger (Sunday to Friday) will be extended to Thana,—Bombay dep. 13-45, Ghatkopar arr. 13-47, Thana arr. 14-8. Further the Station Superintendent, Bombay, will on receipt of information from Station Master, Mussjid, that sufficient number of passengers are offering, order the following special trains:—(1) A. special on week days leave Bombay at 7, arrive Ghatkopar at 7-42 and arrive Thana at 8-3. This special will return as B. special from Thana at 10-38, Ghatkopar dep. 11, Bombay 11-42. (2) C. special on Saturday, the 26th, Bombay dep. 13-5, Ghatkopar arr. 13-47, Thana arr. 14-8. This will return as D. special leaving Thana at 14-28, Ghatkopar at 14-15, Bombay arr. 15-32.

A GUJERATI COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE.

While there are a number of institutions in Bombay coaching up students in the up-to-date Western methods of commercial book-keeping, accountancy, banking and the like, it is a pity that a systematic knowledge of the indigenous systems,—in particular of the Gujerati system—of keeping accounts, etc., which so largely obtains in Indian merchantile circles should not have been thought essential for either the "mehtas" (clerks) or their masters at the numerous "pedhis" or business houses in the Indian quarters of the city. There can be no question that a proper study of the indigenous methods, when supplemented with a little instruction in the Western methods of business correspondence, accounts, etc., would better equip these business men and their assistants in their avocations than otherwise. We are glad to find that a Gujarati Commercial Institute has recently been established in Bombay by a Gujerati lady, Bai Gomtaiben, widow of the late Sheth Gordhandas Karsondas Halloo, a Halai Bhatia gentleman, out of the estates of her husband. A prospectus of the Institute shows that instruction will be imparted by it in all the departments of Indian business in a way similar to that done in modern commercial institutions, special classes being organised for the benefit of "mehtas" as well as their masters. Mr. V. J. Vasauda, who possesses a thorough knowledge of both the Gujerati and Western methods, has been appointed Principal and one may be sure that the Institute has a promising future before it.

YOUNG MEN'S KHOJA ASSOCIATION.

The Hon. Secretary of the Y. M. K. A. writes to say that, "Mr. H. S. Merchant while expressing his views on the subject of the day on Sunday last, said that a number of social evils or abuses mentioned by the lecturer could be permanently removed, so as to preclude the possibility of the present generation of Khojas being censured by posterity, by means of right activities on the part of educated Khojas of this generation, particularly to bring about the formation as early as possible of 'a Khoja Medical Union,' 'a Khoja Lawyers' Union,' and other Unions of Khojas to enlighten and serve the community in their respective spheres by publication and delivery of lectures and literature of these Institutions as also of the Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Khoja Association so as to reach every Khoja family in pamphlet form until a Khoja newspaper or well-equipped Y. M. K. A. within reach of every Khoja and capable of providing a full exchange and publication of views and information on matters of interest to the community came into being as a permanent institution of the community. The President's remarks, published in the "Chronicle," apply to the pamphlets herein referred to.

"Mr. Chaiwalla, Solicitor, had added at the meeting of the Y. M. K. A. that so far as he was aware, non-Ismailee Khojas did not indulge in the revived nautch-parties at their marriages. He was referring to the evils among the Ismailee only."

HINDU STUDENTS' DEBATING SOCIETY

The first annual meeting of the above Society was held on Wednesday under the presidency of Mr. N. B. Vibhakar.

The annual report of the Society was read. The Society has now 75 members and there were 44 lectures and debates in the year under report.

Mr. N. M. Mazumdar spoke on the usefulness of the Society and suggested to include debates on economical questions. He remarked that a society of this character was the medium of educating the ignorant masses of the population. Mr. Joshi of the Servants of India Society, urged the need and importance of such societies.

The president in his speech reviewed the useful work done by the Society in the short period of one year, and hoped that it would be able to do much in future.

OFFICERS INVALIDED HOME.

DISCRETIONARY POWERS TO BOMBAY AUTHORITIES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

In the House of Commons Mr. Chamberlain said discretionary powers were being given to the authorities in Bombay to act without reference to Simla in connection with urgent cases of officers invalided home.

The Government of India was arranging to start once more the old commissariat garden at Sheikh Othman.

The question of supply of ice to troops at Aden was being investigated.

TRAGEDY IN A FOUNDRY.

DEATH DUE TO EXPLOSION

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Corner, held an inquest yesterday touching the death of Thomas D'Souza, a fitter, who was killed by an explosion in the foundry of Mr. Darukhanawala at Arthur Road yesterday morning.

It appeared that a number of empty iron drums the tops and bottoms of which were also closed up had been sent by the Government to the foundry with instructions to turn them into tanks, The deceased who was employed in the Linde Ice Factory was temporarily employed in the foundry to cut holes in the top of the drums for the lids. He made cuts in about forty of them on Wednesday and went home. Yesterday morning he resumed work at 9-30 a.m. and when he was cutting a hole in a drum the drum exploded and the lid was blown off which struck him on the head and face causing instantaneous death.

Mr. William Bird, manager of the Linde Ice Company, who was examined as a witness, said he was of opinion that the explosion and the subsequent fatality were due to the pressure of an inflammable gas within the drum.

Further enquiry was adjourned.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug 24.

At the share market to-day again jutes proved of absorbing interest and a large business was put through at appreciating rates, the market closing very firm. Coal shares received some amount of attention and ruled quite steady. The following sales took place.

Coal:—Bansra 11-12; Bokaro and Ramggur 12; Central Dharmaband 21-14, 22; Damuda 18-12 x.d.; Ghusick 16-12, 19; Gopalichuck 8-4; Imperial 7-4; Kuardi 16-4, 16-8; Lakurka 23; New Tetturya 8-8; Samla Kendra 13-4, 13-8; Seetarampur 15; Sutkidih 12-4 to 12-12.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 415 to 418; Auckland (ord) 199 to 202; Burnagore (ord) 103, 104, 105; Belvedere (ord) 331, 333· Budge Budge (ord) 411, 412; Clive (ord) 130 to 139; Dalhousie (ord) 270 to 279; Delta (ord) 396; Empire (ord) 37-4; Fort William (ord) 137, 138, 139; Gondalpara (ord) 545, 550; Howrah (ord) 240, Hooghly (ord) 29-12; Kamarhatty (ord) 343, 344; Kanknarrah (ord) 464 to 472; Kelvin (ord) 459; Kinnison (ord) 560, 561; Lawrence (ord) 268; Naihatti (ord) 242 to 243-8; Northbrook (ord) 31-8 to 32; Reliance (ord) 219 to 223; Orient 8-8, 9p.; Standard (ord) 326, 328; Sorrah 152, 154; Union (ord) 399 to 401.

Tea:—Eastern Cachar 135, 136.

Miscellaneous:—Calcutta Tramways 98-8, 99; Howrah Jute 5½ per cent. (deb) 103; Hooghly flour 12-8, 12-12; Titaghur Paper (pref) 84, 85.

Government Paper 3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 75-10 to 75-12 and small lots were done at Rs. 76 to 76-4.

RAILWAY ZOOLUM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The statement made by me in my last letter has been called into question by one of your correspondents, who asserts that a railway company is a private concern and as such it is at liberty to show special preference to European and Anglo-Indian passengers in any way it likes. Your correspondent forgers that the railway companies are only the agents of the Indian nation which owns all the railways and that the companies have always been subject to the Indian Railways Act. For the benefit of your correspondent and other persons who may be labouring under the mistake like us, I quote here Section 42, Clause 2, of the Indian Railways Act:—

"A railway administration shall not make or give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to or in favour of any particular person or railway administration, or any particular description of traffic, in any respect whatsoever, or subject any particular person or railway administration or any particular description of traffic to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage, in any respect whatsoever."

The wording of the clause is so clear and emphatic that even a child would not fail to understand that the practice of reserving compartments for Europeans and Anglo-Indians is "illegal"; that every Indian passenger has a right to enter such compartments and to refuse to leave them even when asked to do so by any railway servant or any member of the railway police; and that if the Indian passenger so refusing is dragged out by any railway servant or any member of the railway police, the passenger can drag him to the police court for assault.—Yours, etc.

MAHALAXMIWALA,

DISPUTE OVER PRIZE OF WAR.

SUIT AGAINST SECRETARY OF STATE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 24.

At the High Court on Wednesday before Justice Curtis Trotter, Mr. Hignett of Messrs. King and Partridge applied for leave to file a suit on behalf of Messrs. Broma and Co., against the Secretary of State to recover damages in respect of goods seized as prize of war per S.S. Gorontola. His Lordship gave a week's time to the plaintiffs to file a plaint and three weeks thereafter to the Government Solicitor to file answers. This case is the first of its kind brought in the Madras High Court.

BENGALI DOUBLE COMPANY.

MAHARAJA OF BURDWAN ON PERMANENCY OF THE SCHEME.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 24.

At a meeting yesterday presided over by the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan to consider what steps should be taken regarding the organisation of the Bengali Double Company. Dr. S. K. Mullick in laying the progress statement pointed out that while the military authorities required 228 men for the Double Company he had already over 300 applications from the *bhadralog* (educated) class and more applications are coming in. The manner in which the young men were coming up clearly showed that there would be no want of men. The Maharaja said, recruiting should not be confined entirely to the *bhadralog* (educated) class, but efforts should be made to have at least one company recruited from other classes, who formerly used to form the fighting materials of Bengal such as the Gargwalas, Aguries etc. The reason was that on the Indian Army Regulation pay, the *bhadralogs* could not be permanently expected to continue in the Indian army. For this purpose and for the permanency of the scheme a regular recruiting propaganda should be started throughout Bengal for all classes.

With regard to the supplementary allowances for the Bengali soldiers, to be supplied by voluntary subscription, Colonel Tanner who was present at the meeting said that the Government would have no objection. Resolutions were then passed thanking the Government of India and the Government of Bengal for the sanction of the Double Company of Bengalees and forming an executive committee of twelve prominent persons to invite recruits and take all necessary steps in that connection.

SUPPLEMENTARY LAHORE CONSPIRACY CASE

VICEROY DECLINES TO INTERFERE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 24.

The Governor-General in Council has declined to interfere on behalf of the following convicts in the Supplementary Lahore Conspiracy Case: Sucha Singh, son of Gurdit Singh, Suja Singh son of Khushi Singh.

G. T. HOSPITAL NURSING ASSOCIATION

At a meeting of the Committee of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital Nursing Association held yesterday evening, Col. C. H. L. Meyer presiding, the annual report was adopted. Among other things the report said:—

The sanctioned nursing staff during the year consisted of 13 nurses the income of the Association was Rs. 13,585-5-8 while the expenditure was Rs. 10,694-4-4.

Vigorous efforts were made by Mr. Simcox to improve, as far as possible, the unsatisfactory financial position of the Association and the Committee is glad to note that the results were encouraging. The total amount of contributions collected this year amounted to Rs. 7,893.

It must be noted that the present Nursing staff is wholly inadequate for efficient nursing. The Surgeon in charge of the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital has repeatedly requested the Association to increase it by at least three more nurses and also to increase the pay of low-paid nurses. The Association is unable to do this unless and until the financial condition has considerably improved. The Committee, however, hope that they will, with generous help from the Bombay public, be able to attend to these urgent requisitions of the Association. The Committee would, therefore, repeat their appeal to the public especially to large employers of labour who generally take advantage of the G. T. Hospital for substantial financial support.

CASUALTY LIST

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 23.

The following casualty is announced:—

KILLED.

Actor Basil Hallam, who commanded the kite section of the Flying Corps.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 24.

Intelligence has been received in Madras of the death in Mesopotamia of Colonel P. C. Gabbett, I.M.S., on the 11th July. The deceased was well known in Madras and was the First Surgeon of the Madras General Hospital. He retired in 1912 settling down in private practice in England. At the outbreak of war he was recalled to duty. He joined the army in 1892 and saw active service in the Tirah Expedition in 1897-98, receiving a medal with two clasps.

MRS. BESANT AND THE CONGRESS.

MR. MOZUMDAR MUST BE ELECTED.

Mrs. Besant has written the following letter to the Secretary of the Congress Reception Committee, Lucknow:—

Adyar, Madras, Aug. 20, 1916.

My Dear Panditji,—I am so grateful to all of you for your generous feeling and your chivalrous defence of me against the attacks of the Madras and Bombay Governments. I agree with your view that as the Liberty of the Press is attacked in my person, the Congress Committees, following public opinion as shown in press and public meetings, should have elected me. As they have hung back, the Government will probably take other steps against me. But we must recognise the fact that the older Congressmen look on me as an interloper, desire to stand well with the Government, and by no means care practically to fly in the face of Government by electing me as President of the Congress. They bitterly resent my work in bringing about union between the two parties who split asunder in 1907, and they dislike the political energy I have infused into public life.

The Hon. Mr. Ambikacharan Mozumdar has the votes of five out of the nine Committees—a clear majority. The Reception Committee has the *power* to reject him, but, pardon me if I say, it has not the *right*. The majority must rule, otherwise we have chaos. If we do not agree with the majority we can work to change it; but meanwhile we must obey it, if we are Democrats. If you refuse, the Congress will be full of bitter antagonisms, and our first "United Congress" will be divided. I beg of you, for the sake of principle, not to press my name. The Congress Committees have rejected me, as they have a right to do, and the acceptance of their decision is the only path consistent with duty and honour. Give us a really United Congress, the Congress to which we have been looking forward, and let us all unite to welcome the President chosen by the Committees.

Our main duty now, having accepted Mr. Mozumdar, is to make the Congress a Home Rule Congress. Let us all work to send up Home Rule delegates, and to create a Home Rule Subjects Committee; you have 25 delegates on the Subjects Committee. Let us work for a strong Home Rule resolution, and carry it by an immense majority. *That* will be the voice of India, speaking in her representative assembly, and that will re-echo in England. If I am free, I shall be with you. If we can win a triumph for Home Rule, you need not mind that your generous enthusiasm has been defeated as far as I am concerned. A personal triumph is a small thing at best. The triumph of the cause and the unity of the Congress are great things.

Please forgive my interference, but I care so much that the Congress should be a glorious success, and that Anglo-India should not gloat over divisions. You will not love me less, if I ask you to show that love by giving me the joy of seeing the President chosen by a majority of the electors welcomed heartily to the chair, which he has the right to fill without challenge.—Your etc.,

ANNIE BESANT.

I am publishing this letter, because I wish the members of the Congress Reception Committee to have time to think it over before Sunday.

R. M. RAILWAY

THROUGH COMMUNICATION RESTORED.

The District Traffic Superintendent, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Abu Road, wires that through communication between Rani and Jowari was restored at 10 a.m. yesterday.

PARISIAN DIARY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table, Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

BETTER THAN THE BEST
BIKSON'S COFFEE
gives you a drink that's at once fragrant, delicious and better than the Best. Taste it

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SPECIALITIES.
New varieties of fancy Dinner and Tea sets, Glass and Enamel ware, Cutlery and Plated ware, and all kinds of Stoves, etc. are always in stock.
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Shop No. 29. SHAIK MEMON STREET.
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BOMBAY.

The Success of Patrick MacGill

Patrick MacGill's leap into fame as a writer of the realistic school has been one of the literary events of recent years. Three years ago he was unknown, now his name and work are familiar to readers throughout the English-speaking world.

"CHILDREN OF THE DEAD END" was a literary sensation. The autobiography of a navvy was something new and strange to the reading public, and ten thousand copies were called for within fifteen days of publication.

Born in Donegal of Irish peasants, Patrick MacGill is now in his twenty-sixth year. He started life at nine years of age as a potato-digger in the North of Scotland. He then became a farm-hand, labourer, tramp, drainer, and navvy in turn, and all these phases of his life are described with great power in his autobiography ("Children of the Dead End").

In his spare time he wrote poems and studied to such effect that he was soon able to translate from the French and German. A little paper-covered book entitled "Songs of a Navvy" (a collector recently offered a guinea for a copy) and published by himself, was his first venture. An article, scribbled in pencil on a piece of dirty paper in a navvy-shack, found its way to the editor of a London paper, who immediately sent for MacGill and gave him a post on his staff.

At the beginning of September, 1914, Patrick MacGill enlisted in the London Irish Rifles, and has been at Givenchy, Guinchy, Festubert, Grenay, and many other places, and was finally wounded at Loos in September last. "The Red Horizon" was written entirely in the trenches.

Of Patrick MacGill's latest book, THE GREAT PUSH, the first British Edition consists of 25,000 copies. In it he tells of one of the most thrilling episodes in the Great War—the story of Loos.

Patrick MacGill has just written a series of six vivid word pictures of life at the Front entitled:

"From the Trenches"

The sole right of publication for these remarkable productions of this literary genius in India has been secured by the

"Sunday Chronicle".

In the colums of which journal their publication will shortly commence.

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Our prices are moderate and our stock is of the very best manufacture. All our lenses and frames are guaranteed to be made on scientific measurements and given at shortest notice.
The fact that we have the honour of having among our constituents many of the Government High Officials Members of the Legal and Medical Professions, Rajas and Nawabs whose written opinions we hold to be a sufficient recommendation for our scientific working and high quality of goods.

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GUNC. Cures acute cases without COPAIBA, SANTAL OIL or any internal medicines, PAINLESS POSITIVE CURE in 3 days. MONEY RETURNED IF NOT CURED. Re. 1 and Rs. 2.
OF ALL DEALERS OR
D. SPECIFIC CO.
Medows Street, Bombay.

JUTE FOR WAR NEEDS.

MONOPOLY TO RALLI BROS.

INTENSE INDIGNATION IN CALCUTTA.

Widespread indignation is being expressed in Calcutta among the mercantile community at the new arrangement which has been arrived at by the Home Government with respect to the purchase of raw jute for the Dundee mills engaged in the manufacture of war-bags and war fabrics, says "The Englishman." Hitherto the mills had made their own purchases as in previous years and there was therefore no disorganisation or dislocation of trade. The ryots have been getting a fair price for the jute, the shippers have been receiving their normal commissions, the mills have been supplied with jute and exchange has been kept steady by the continuance of normal conditions of trade. Under the new procedure one firm only, that of Messrs. Ralli Bros., will handle the whole of the jute purchases for the war work of Dundee mills. A leading figure among shippers interviewed by a representation the "English man" describes the effect of this drastic change and explains why the innovation has met with such strong and such immediate opposition.

THE FORM OF THE ANNOUNCEMENT.

The manner in which the news of this extraordinary change reached Calcutta was no less unusual than the change itself. No official announcement appears to have reached Calcutta in spite of the profound effect that the new procedure was likely to have upon the market in Calcutta. When a leading shipper received advices by cable from his London house last Friday the information was generally disbelieved and it was considered that London must have been misinformed. By Saturday too many of the shippers had received similar cables for any such explanation to be feasible.

The cablegrams which reached nearly all the biggest jute shippers were to the effect that the Secretary of State for India had arranged with Messrs. Ralli Brothers to purchase raw jute for them in Calcutta which would be all the raw jute required by Dundee spinners for the production of war bags and cloth. What this means may be realised from the further information that orders placed by the Government at Home total half the Dundee production. This means a consumption of jute totalling six lakhs of bales out of the annual mill production of twelve lakhs; and it is all to be bought and shipped by one firm. To justify such a monopoly it would need to be shown that the favoured firm was in normal time the shipper of the greater bulk of jute. Not merely are Ralli Brothers not the shippers of the bulk of the raw fibre to Dundee, they are not even the biggest among the big shippers. Some four other firms handle a larger export annually to the port than the firm selected to do the whole of the Government business.

The Trade feel strongly that an agreement of this kind ought not to be made with a single firm. The procedure adopted by the Government of India in buying war bags from Calcutta mills ought to be adopted by the Government at Home in apportioning its purchases of raw material. That is to say the apportionment ought to be made in proportion to the quantity shipped to Dundee by each individual firm.

There are five business houses in this city which are the principal shippers for the Dundee mills. They are Messrs. Ralli Bros., Messrs. R. Steel and Co., Messrs. D. L. Millar and Co., Messrs. James Scott and Sons and Messrs. George Henderson and Co., (Messrs. M. David and Co.). These firms ship on an average well over a lakh each per annum. Among them Messrs. Ralli Bros., are not the biggest individual shippers to Dundee. They are led by the other four. Ralli's are the biggest exporters when American, Spanish and other countries are included. But they do not do the largest business with Dundee.

THE EFFECT ON THE RYOTS.

It has already been mentioned that the price of jute is likely to be very adversely affected by the new arrangement. But before doing so it may be well to mention that this result has already begun to manifest itself. On Friday the price of September jute first marks varied between Rs. 53-8 and Rs. 54. On Saturday business was actually done at Rs. 51-8 and Rs. 51-4 and the tendency will be to still lower prices if the new arrangement is not promptly disavowed.

The burden of this slump will fall with heavy weight on the overburdened shoulders of the ryots and small middle-men of Bengal. It was they who bore the main weight at the opening of the war when the mills of Central Europe were placed outside the market and a considerable portion of the jute crop had no purchasers. The peasantry have had an opportunity lately to re-adjust themselves to the new conditions created by war and just as they are finding their feet again the monopolising of half the Dundee consumption by a single firm of shippers will again plunge them into difficulties.

It may be argued that by this process the Home Government can get its jute cheaper and will therefore save money legitimately for the Home tax-payers. There is no substance in such an argument. No Government at war has ever sought to economise on war expenditure by purchasing goods from its own subjects at less than the fair market value. If it were to do so to the ryots it would be equally justified in doing so to Messrs. Ralli Bros. and insisting upon taking over their organisation of purchase for something less than the bare cost of office establishment. It would not, of course, dream of doing such a thing.

The new move on the part of the Home Government is particularly dangerous in view of the possibility that pressure may be exerted on the Indian Government to resort to the same measure with regard to the provision of war-bags from the Calcutta mills. If they were to entrust one firm with the work of buying all the jute required for the Calcutta war-bags output the whole jute trade of Bengal would be disorganised to the limit of actual demoralisation and the Provincial Government would be faced by an agrarian situation of the greatest difficulty.

THE QUESTION OF NATIONALITY.

One last point may be mentioned. It is brought forward with restraints and with a due appreciation of the position which the fortunate firm of shippers has occupied in Indian trade for several generations. The sense of fair play on which the Calcutta mercantile community justly prides itself would prevent any polemical capital being made at a time like this over the nationality of the staff of a successful competitor." If Messrs. Ralli Bros. had in previous years been handling the greater bulk of the jute export to Dundee then there would be less objection to entrust it with a continuance of that business. If this were the position of affairs nobody would urge that it should be debarred from its lawful advantage although a considerable portion of its staff belongs to a nation which has not seen eye to eye with the Allies during the present war and has not always made our legitimate military operations as easy as they might otherwise have been.

But the present position is altogether different. By the arrangement which the Home Government has concluded, the business of shipping war jute to Dundee has to the extent of four-fifths or more of the total quantity been taken from the hands of firms staffed completely by men of British breed and nationality.

It means a loss to British shipping firms who are now to be deprived of half their legitimate and efficiently conducted business, which will be transferred from them for no reason for which they are responsible.

CLAIM AGAINST SIR R. BURBIDGE.

IMPUTATIONS WITHDRAWN.

The action in the Chancery Division against Sir Richard Burbidge, the well-known managing director of Harrod's Stores, came to an end in mail week judgment being entered for the defendant.

Mr. William Humphrey Golding and his wife, Mrs. Georgina Frances Golding, sought to enforce verbal contracts, under which it was alleged they were to receive £1,000 a year during their joint lives, and under which Sir Richard Burbidge was alleged to have contracted by will to leave them two capital sums of £8,000 and £12,000.

The defendant denied that any such contracts or promises as alleged were made, and pleaded that if any payments had been made to the plaintiffs these were gratuitous.

Mr. McCall said he was happy to say that his lordship would not be further troubled with the case either to consider the evidence or to pronounce any formal judgment. His client, Mrs. Golding, recognised, and her husband agreed with her, that for many years Sir Richard Burbidge had been to both of them, and particularly to her, an honourable and generous friend, and she thought under those circumstances that the action should proceed no further.

Therefore, on behalf of both the plaintiffs, he consented to judgment being entered for Sir Richard.

Counsel said he thought it was only right he should, in the interests of Sir Richard, repeat what he endeavoured to express yesterday in opening the case that it was the wish of both plaintiffs, and certainly the wish of Mrs. Golding, that no imputation should be made. He thought he could say with certainty that no imputation was made on Sir Richard. In these circumstances he consented to judgment being entered for Sir Richard Burbidge.

UNCONDITIONAL WITHDRAWAL.

Sir John Simon said he should like to say a word. He was very glad to know that the plaintiffs recognised what was the character, and the only character of Sir Richard, who had, in times past, endeavoured to befriend them. As the matter had been mentioned in court he wished to say, specifically and publicly, that there was no condition, secret or implied, of any sort or kind attached to the judgment which Sir Richard now took. There was no arrangement for compensation to the plaintiffs either inside or outside the court.

The plaintiffs had no claim against Sir Richard, who had acted throughout generously and honourably. They consented to abandon their action, and Sir Richard did not propose to ask for costs. Subject to that there would be no secret arrangement behind the back of the Court at all.

Judgment was then entered for Sir Richard, without costs.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

(*Thursday, August 24.*)

To the names of Second Class Magistrates the following names shall be added:—Mr. R. S. Baindurkar, Rao Saheb Dattatraya Krishna Upponi and Mr. Manjunath Mahableshwar Gangolli.

Mr. D. G. Ommanney, Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India an extension for three months of the furlough granted to him.

Mr. G. A. Shillidy, Assistant Superintendent of Police, has been allowed by the Secretary of State for India an extension for ten days of the furlough granted to him.

The Governor in Council is pleased to invest Mr. J. R. Hood, I.C.S., Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Kolaba with the power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes (section 407 (2)).

Mr. S. B. Vaidya, District Deputy Collector and Magistrate of the Third Class in the district of Belgaum, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district with the power to make order as to first offenders, section 562.

Captain P. S. Corbould, Cantonment Magistrate of Kirkee and Magistrate of the First Class in the Poona District is invested with the power to require security for good behaviour (section 110); Power to take cognizance of offences without complaint (section 190 (1) (c); and Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, etc., (section 523 (1)).

Captain Corbould to perform the functions of a Magistrate under the Indian Lunacy Act, IV of 1912.

Saiyid Mahmud Shah, LL.B.; to act as District Superintendent of Police, Thar and Parkar, during the absence on leave of Mr. F. Trotter or pending further orders.

Mr. Nadirshah H. E. Sukhia, L.M. & S. (Bom.), L.V.Sc. (Spl.), F.R.S.I. (Lon.), to be a Delegate to aid in the adjudication of cases arising under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act within the local limits of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court at Bombay, in the room of Mr. Hormusji Mancherji Cama, deceased.

Mr. Vishnu Ganesh Bhalerav, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests and Sub-Divisional Forest Officer, Central Thana, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months with effect from the date of relief.

Rao Saheb Yeshvant Vinayak Randive to hold a temporary appointment of a sixth-grade Deputy Collector from the date of departure of Mr. Yashavant Ballappa Borkar until relieved by Mr. Shridhar Balkrishna Vaidya.

Mr. Mangharam Chandiram to hold a temporary appointment of a sixth-grade Deputy Collector for a period of six months.

Rao Saheb Ganesh Balvant Jagade to hold a temporary appointment of a sixth-grade Deputy Collector for a period of three months.

Under the provisions of section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, license to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians is hereby granted to the Reverend C. H. Lapp of the Christian and Missionary Alliance.

His Excellency the Governor in Council pleased to re-appoint the Honourable Sardar Shriniwasrao Kupuswami Mudliar to be a non-official member of the Committee of Visitors of the Reformatory School at Yeravda with effect from the date of expiration of his present term of appointment, namely the 15th July, 1916.

Mr. Merwanji Jamshedji Antia, LL.B. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, part-time Lecturer in English, Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay, is granted leave without pay for three months with effect from the 1st September, 1916.

Mr. Ratanji Dinshah Dalal, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), on return to duty, to be Deputy Sanitary Commissioner for the Southern Registration District.

Mr. V. D. Phatak, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., L.M. (Rotunda, Dublin) to be Honorary Obstetric Physician at the Sassoon Hospitals, Poona, as a temporary measure.

Mr. W. L. C. Trench, B.A.I., A.M.I.C.E., Executive Engineer, is transferred from the Jamrao Canals District to the Dharwar Irrigation District vice Mr. J. K. Williams, Executive Engineer, whose services are temporarily placed at the disposal of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief. Pending the arrival of Mr Trench.

Mr. R. Haines, Executive Engineer, Dharwar District, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Dharwar Irrigation, in addition to his own duties.

Mr. A. B. Timms, B.Sc., Assistant Engineer, is appointed to act as Executive Engineer, Jamrao Canals District, vice Mr. Trench, or until further orders.

Mr. K. C. Sen, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Assistant Collector, Dharwar.

Mr. Bhaskar Ravji Dikshit to hold a temporary appointment of a sixth-grade Deputy Collector for a period of six months.

Mr. Bhanushankar Sundarji Vyas, B.E., to be an Apprentice Engineer.

AN APPEAL TO THE BOMBAY SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—May I make an appeal through the columns of your paper to the office-bearers of the Bombay Social Service League on the desirability of extending their scope of work outside Bombay by starting other leagues and branches? The Bombay Social Service League is one of the finest of non-official Indian institutions which have been working for the public good and their reports tell us what an amount of solid and unostentatious work they have achieved to their credit in four years. Their reputation is secured on firm foundations and the work of the League in all its manifold activities is under highly capable and expert hands. The marvellous organising capacity of the members of the League can even be compared to that of the Salvation Army itself and all Bombay will testify to their various schemes of relief to ignorance, suffering, misery and pauperism which the League has set its hands to. Now that their work in Bombay is so perfected as to become quite a matter of routine as it were, is it not time that they should think of extending their spheres of work? There is plenty of the same kind of work at Ahmedabad where all the social problems of the Mill-industry prevail as acutely as in Bombay; while Poona, with its various municipal questions, its recurring plague epidemic, presents work of a different type. I hope I am not exaggerating if I say that the Bombay League is doing an injustice to mofussilites by confining their work to Bombay alone. Of course, the work in the mofussil will not be so great, varied or interesting; but, even there, there are vast fields for social work which under the proper supervision and guidance of Bombay workers, the local people can be induced to take up. There are the same problems of mill labour in some places, but apart from it, there are the great common questions demanding solution and settlement at the hands of earnest workers like poverty, ignorance, insanitation, overcrowding, ill-housing, sickness, etc., which can be tackled only by an organisation. Further, all municipal questions afford field, of work for social service and as Albert Shaw, in his excellent book on Municipal Government, says, "the highest form of social service consists in municipal renovation." The municipal problems present themselves in all their varied aspects in mofussil towns equally as in the metropolis and infection, disease, high death-rate public insanitation and ignorance must be faced and combated in a highly scientific manner in the mofussil.—Yours, etc.

K. M.

HUN ATROCITIES IN AFRICA

MURDERS AND MUTILATION.

Natives in the Cameroons state that the Germans told them that the Allied forces might take the country but that there would be no inhabitants left. A Blue-Book relating to German atrocities and breaches of the rules of war in Africa, published on Wednesday, Aug. 2, is a terrible commentary on this Hun policy.

Major General Dobell has had the evidence carefully sifted. Many natives have been examined and documents from German commanders are put in showing that the policy of barbarism was a well considered one.

The case against the Huns needs no over-stating. "The crime of rape would probably be found to be common if evidence were taken," states a political officer, confining his report to shootings and mutilations. But even so, he adds: "It should be borne in mind that the civilians killed by the Germans are the natives of a country under their protection, whom they had ruled for many years; the murders were not committed by an invading army. In fact, owing to the treatment meted out, it was to the invading army to whom the wretched natives fled for protection. They very soon summed up the difference of treatment by the Germans and the Allied forces."

ORDERS TO KILL.

Wherever the Hun went there followed in his track bloodshed and barbarism. "After they knew the English had occupied Jabassi they had instructions to kill every native they saw," states a report from a German native soldier. "I was coming out of a house nursing a baby in my arms and with my husband, when a German dressed in white civilian clothes fired at both me and my husband, wounding us both," is the typical testimony of a native woman.

"The white officer said to the soldiers, 'Why do you bring any man to me alive? Go and kill them!' . . . The black soldiers began to hack me with matchets (broad, heavy knives) and cut me about till I fell senseless, and I was left for dead," states a mutilated man who escaped.

The experience of the French medical officer is as bad. "Their report," says General Dobell in a letter of protest to the German Governor at Jaunde, Thermaier, "removes any doubt as to the facts of the case. It can only contain a small proportion of the unspeakable atrocities actually committed by your troops. The French report contains photographs of brutally mutilated men."

Besides these wholesale massacres of innocent people, General Dobell had to deal with other forms of frightfulness. "Sufficient evidence is available to show that German Europeans encouraged brutalities by personally cutting the throats of wounded British soldiers with knives, firing on peaceful inhabitants to terrorise them, and shooting natives without trial." Again: "My subordinate commanders have reported cases of native armed with poisoned arrows fighting in German ranks." Red Cross men were deliberately fired at and soft-nosed expanding bullets with a hard casing were used.

CRIMINALS NAMED.

The names of the criminals responsible are: Governor Ebermaier, Lieutenant von Engelbrechten, an officer of one of the Guards regiments. Hauptmann Gaisser, Meinhardt Kaedicke, Haveman, von Gasler, Distler, Kuntz, and Fischer, traders; Frank, and Priester. Captain M. T. Parker, who was wounded, saw Priester stab two wounded British native soldiers asking for water. Captain Parker states that a native soldier said to Priester: "Why do you not kill this white man; you killed the other white men."

When prisoners were taken they received sorry treatment. A captured medical officer reports: "Native prisoners had charms round their necks. . . The first camp was bad, being an ex-sleeping sickness camp—the worst place for mosquitoes I have yet been in. The food was insufficient in quantity and poor in quality. Three Europeans for minor offences were confined in a small brick cell infested with jiggers (a kind of flea which burrows into the skin)."

"KOPPER DIP" FOR WELLS.

The Blue Book also contains General Botha's letter protesting against the Germans poisoning the wells at Swakopmund by arsenic. Lieut.-Colonel Franke, in an impudent reply said that the wells were just salted and then filled with "kooper dip," the object being to make "the enemy rely on water brought from elsewhere." General Botha also produces a German order admitting that other water supplies had been "thoroughly infected with disease." In other wells arsenic was found, but the German Governor "spurned" the charge, though admitting that the water was rendered unfit for use.

CASUALTY LIST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 23.

The following names of British officers appear in casualty list No. 181, Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

DIED OF DISEASE.

Captain R. I. Binning, I. M. S.

WOUNDED.

Major R. H. Marsh, I. A.

PRISONERS OF WAR.

Captain T. R. M. Carlisle, R. F. A.
Captain E. J. L. Bayley, R. F. A.
Captain L. H. G. Dorling, R. F. A.
Lieut. F. W. B. Wilson, R. F. A.

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out.

They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.

The Ideal Reconstructive Nerve Food.

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MY ALLIES
THE IDEAL RECONSTRUCTIVE NERVE FOOD
A VALUABLE RESTORATIVE IN NEURASTHENIA NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA AND ANÆMIA

Everyone who is run-down, weak or ill, should take a course of the food that is doing such wonders for worn-out and nerve-shattered men and women; rebuilding flesh, strength, nerve and brain-energy with a speed that is amazing, and aiding their restoration to perfect fitness.

"Sanaphos" (which is All-British and must not be confused with German-owned preparations) is wholly digestible, and its benefit is felt almost at once. Besides restoring strength and muscle it contains the elements wanted by tired, under-fed nerves; elements not present in sufficient quantities in ordinary food.

If you wake up tired, if you are sleepless, run-down, nervous or depressed, start to-day your course of "Sanaphos." You will be amazed at the improvement after a few days of "Sanaphos."

● "Sanaphos" is sold by all Chemists and Bazaars. In India stocks are held by, and requests for samples should be addressed to:—Messrs. Butto, Kristo, Paul & Co., Calcutta; E. Brooks & Co., Karachi; Beli Ram & Brother, Anarkali, Lahore; Jamnadas Brothers, Market, Bombay; Mehta Brothers, Madras; W. E. Smith & Co., Madras; E. M. de Souza & Co., Rangoon.

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SHOULD DEATH END ALL?

This is not a theological question, it is rather a bread and butter question. Should the death of a man end all the comforts of a family, the education of the children, the existence of his home? If such be not the case it is because the average plain man has given this matter thought, and, at the expense of present enjoyment, has provided for future needs.

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furnishes the best, because the safest and most economical, method of perpetuating the home and protecting its inmates. To meet these common and inevitable needs it was organised six years ago. If you have responsibility and health it has the very best protection for you and yours. THE TIME TO ACT IS NOW.

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N. N. PADHEY, Chief Agent, C. P. and Berars Mahal, Nagpore, C. P.

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3 Phials Rs. 2-4 V.P.P. Rs. 2-11.
1 Doz Phials Rs. 8-12 V.P.P. Rs. 10.

C. K. SEN & Co., Ltd.

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KAVI RAJ UPENDRA NATH SEN

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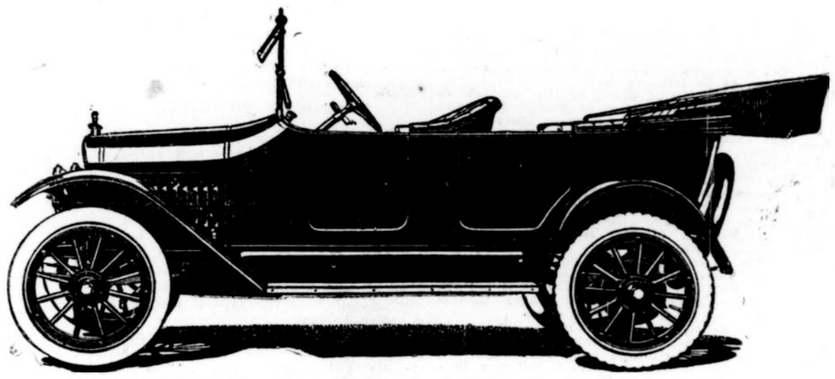

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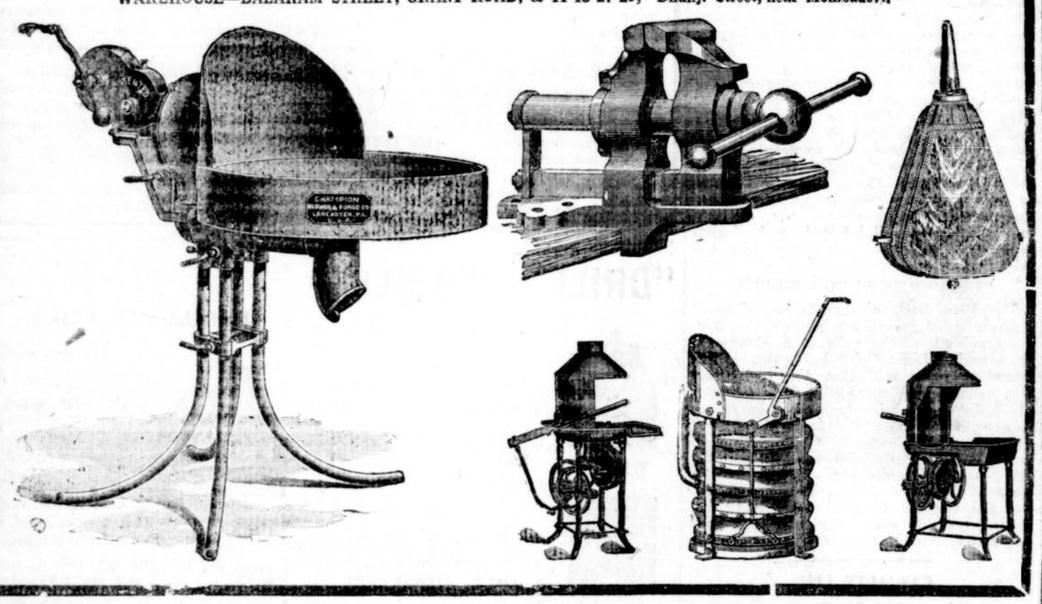

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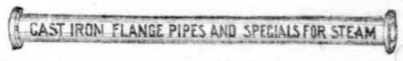

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